

Boat Owners Manual



# HUNTER/LEGEND Owner's Manual

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# Welcome To THE HUNTER MARINE FAMILY

Congratulations on your new sailing yacht manufactured by Hunter Marine. We have engineered and constructed your boat to be as fine a yacht as any afloat. In order to get the best performance and most enjoyment from your boat you should be familiar with its various elements and functions. Please take the time to study this manual and its recommendations for trouble-free sailing pleasure.

We stand behind the quality of your boat with a warranty which you should also review. To insure your warranty is valid, please fill out the attached card and send it to us within ten (10) days of the purchase date. Section 15 of the Federal Boat Safety Act requires first owners to be registered. The warranty data should also be recorded in the space below for your own reference.

You also need to fill out and mail the warranty cards on your diesel auxiliary, battery, stove, head, electric water pump and other accessories. These are enclosed in the manufacturers' manuals which are included in your owner's pouch.

#### OWNER INFORMATION CARD

HULL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE TRANSOM—STARBOARD SIDE, UPPER CORNER. THIS NUMBER MUST BE GIVEN IN ALL NECESSARY COMMUNICATIONS.

HULL NO.		DATE DELIVERED TO OWNER		
YACHT NAME			•••••	
OWNER NAME				
STREET ADDRESS				
CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE	
HOME PORT				
MODEL.		SIZE	HULL#/SAIL#	
ENGINE MODEL	SERIAL NO.		PROPELLER SIZE	
DEALER				
STREET ADDRESS				
СІТУ		STATE	ZIP CODE	
DEALER SIGNATURE				
OWNER SIGNATURE			<del></del>	

A copy of Chapman's *Piloting, Seamanship and Small Boat Handling* is provided with your Hunter Marine boat as part of the standard equipment. Any questions regarding the meaning of terminology used in this manual may be referenced in your Chapman's.

**PLACE STAMP HERE** 

HUNTER
MARINE CORPORATION
P.O. Box 1030 Route 441
Alachua, Florida 32615

# **HUNTER WARRANTY CARD**

omplete Hull No.: Date Delivered to Customer:		
Customer Name:		
Street Address:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Engine Model:	Serial No	
Name of Boat:		Propeller Size:
Dealer:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Dealer Signature:		,
Double Digitation.		IMPORTANT: To insure full coverage of your service and warranty, please fill out this card and mail
Customer Signature:	•	to Hunter Marine Corporation.

# HUNTER MARINE LIMITED WARRANTY

Hunter Marine warrants to the first-use purchaser for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of sale any part manufactured by Hunter to be free of defects caused by faulty workmanship or materials under normal use and service.

During this period Hunter Marine will replace any part judged to be defective by Hunter Marine free of charge at its plant or at the option of Hunter, by an authorized Hunter Marine dealer. Transportation costs are the responsibility of the first-use purchaser. The labor cost reimbursement will be based on a labor allowance schedule established by Hunter Marine and, where not applicable, on a reasonable number of hours as determined by Hunter Marine. All repairs and replacements must be approved in advance by an authorized Hunter Marine representative.

The warranty does not cover:

- (1) Paint, window glass, gel coat, upholstery damage, plastic finishes, engines, engine parts, propellers, shafts, controls, instruments and equipment not manufactured by Hunter Marine.
- (2) Boats or parts which have been altered or subjected to negligence or misuse.

(3) Commercially used boats.

This warranty is expressly in lieu of any and all other remedies and expressed warranties. Any implied warranties, including the warranties of merchantability and fitness are limited to the duration of this limited warranty. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so that the above limitation may not apply to you.

Any consequential damages which may be incurred are excluded and the liability of Hunter Marine and the purchaser's remedy shall be limited to repair or replacement of any part or party judged defective by Hunter Marine. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation exclusion may apply to you.

The purchaser acknowledges that no other representations were made to him with respect to the quality and function of the boat.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have other rights which vary from state to state.

This warranty shall not be effective unless the Hunter Marine warranty card and pre-delivery service record are completed and returned to Hunter Marine within ten (10) days after the date of sale to the first-use purchaser.

# PRE-DEPARTURE CHECK-LIST

Check bilge for excess water.
Check weather conditions and tides.
Check food supply.
Foul weather gear.
Linen, sleeping bags.
Fuel.
Water.
Sunscreens and sunglasses.
Tools.
☐ Docking and anchor gear.
Check radio operations.
Navigation charts and instruments.
Float plans to a friend or Coast Guard. (See next page.)
☐ Fuel for stove.
Cooking and eating utensils.
☐ Check battery water level.
Oil level, tight V-belts.
Check for loose electrical connections in engine room.
$\hfill \Box$ Secure tools or any loose equipment in engine room so as not to get fouled in engine.
AC systems off; electrical cord stowed.
Doors and drawers secured.
Check steering lock to lock.
Check mast for rigging irregularities and tightness.
Halyards and sheets are clear and ready to run.
$\square$ No lines or other obstructions near the propeller or bow.
Anchor ready to run.
Check lifelines for tightness.
☐ Turn on fuel and water lines.
Stow all loose gear.
Open engine cooling water intake thru-hull valve.

# FLOAT PLAN

Description of boat:				
NAME			ТҮРЕ	
МАКЕ	LENGTH	REG	ISTRATION #	
HULL COLOR	STRIPE COL	OR	DECK COL	OR
OTHER DISTINGUISHING MARKS			·	
Persons aboard:		NUMBER	_	
NAME		AGE	PHONE #	
ADDRESS				
NAME		AGE	PHONE #	
ADDRESS				
NAME		AGE	PHONE #	
ADDRESS				
Engine: TYPE		H.P.		FUEL CAPACITY
Safety equipment:	PFDs	Flares	Mirror	Flashlight
	Food	☐ Water	EPIRB	Raft/Dingh
Radio:		PRE	QUENCIES	
Trip expectations:			formars	
DEPARTING AT (APPROX. TIME)	ON (DATE)	FRO	M (LOCATION)	
GOING TO (LOCATION)	RETURNING	(DATE) IN N	O EVENT LATER THA	AN (TIME & DATE)
Automobile:	LICENSE #			STATE
MAKE	COLOR	PAR	KED AT	
If not returned by		,	call the Coa	st Guard or:

# CLOSING UP YOUR BOAT AFTER SAILING

When leaving your Hunter or Legend at the dock for more than a short time, it is a good idea to review the following check list to make sure everything is in order. This will help protect the various parts of your boat and add considerably to their attractiveness and usable life.

$\square$ Fold and bag headsails and stow below.
Furl mainsail and cover, or remove and also bag.
Remove and stow all portable deck hardware such as snatch blocks, winch handles, etc.
Secure the boom to the topping lift and set it firmly amidships with the mainsheet purchase. (It is also a good idea to rig a line from the steering wheel or tiller to a convenient cleat to keep the rudder from swinging back and forth with the motion of the water.)
Attach the shackle ends of all halyards to convenient fittings and take up slack.
Cleat and coil halyard tails and permanent sheets, hanging them off the decleto promote drying.
Coil and stow all other lines.
Cover the winches and steering pedestal when leaving the boat for several days or more.
Close all fuel lines and gate valves.
Turn off the electrical system.
Pump the bilge.
Check air vents, secure ports and hatches, and swab the deck, particularly if you have operated on saltwater.
Make a final check of mooring lines, chafing gear, fenders, etc.

## FOR SAFE BOATING

#### BE PREPARED

Take a safe boating course from the Coast Guard. You can call 800-336-BOAT for information on courses in your area.

Carry all safety equipment required by federal and state law. Federal requirements are discussed in "Federal Requirements for Recreational Boats" which can be acquired from U.S. Coast Guard Office of Boating, Public, and Consumer Affairs, Washington, D.C. 20593. State requirements will come from your local State Boating Administration. The Coast Guard also recommends a first-aid kit, a pump or bailer, a transistor or weather radio, extra fuel, a paddle, anchor and line, and extra drinking water; also, if not a requirement, flares.

Get a Coast Guard Auxiliary Courtesy Examination. This is a free, confidential safety inspection. Call your local Coast Guard Auxiliary for details.

Be familiar with the use of distress signals and PFDs.

#### **AVOID FIRES**

Handle fuels carefully,

Read the engine owner's manual for proper fuel-system maintenance and inspect your engine's fuel system periodically.

Heed fire extinguisher regulations and keep them in good condition.

While refueling:

a. Fill the portable tanks on the dock.

b. Tie the boat securely.

- c. Extinguish cigarettes and all flames on the boat. Turn off all engines and electrical equipment.
- d. Keep the hose nozzle in contact with the fuel can or fill.

e. Wipe up all fuel spillage.

- f. Ventilate the engine and fuel compartment.
- g. Check boat for fumes.

#### BEFORE GETTING UNDERWAY

Leave a float plan. (See example on page I-5.)

Perform pre-departure check list. (See check list on page I-4.)

Check the weather: do not venture out if the weather is threatening.

#### WHILE UNDERWAY

PFDs should be worn by children and non-swimmers at all times. *Everyone* should wear them if conditions become hazardous.

Do not operate a boat if intoxicated, fatigued or stressed. These human factors cause 50 percent of all boating accidents.

Keep a good lookout. This is especially true of sailboats. Keep a watch to leeward under the headsail. Keep away from swimmers, divers and skiers.

Obey state and federal laws. Know your local laws and "rules of the road."

Respect bad weather: try to get to shore if the weather turns bad. Get and carry a radio with a NOAA "weather band" on FM 162.40-162.55MHZ.

### FOR SAFE BOATING (Continued)

#### IF TROUBLE OCCURS

Radio for help. Use the emergency VHF channel (i.e., 156.8MHZ). Put on PFDs immediately.

Stay with the boat. In cold water, huddle together to prevent hypothermia.

#### FLOAT PLAN

Make copies of the example on page I-5 and use one before each trip. Fill it out and leave it with a reliable person who will notify the Coast Guard or other rescue organization if you fail to return on time. Do not forget to cancel the float plan upon your return.

# BRIEF GLOSSARY OF SAILING TERMS

BATTEN: A thin wooden or plastic strip placed in a pocket in the leech of a sail to help hold its form.

BLOCK: Pulley consisting of a frame in which is set one or more sheaves or rollers. Ropes are run over these rollers.

BOOM: Spar at the foot of the mainsail.

BOOM VANG: Tackle secured to the bottom of the boom about three feet aft of the gooseneck. The other block attaches to an eye at the base of the mast. The vang's purpose is to keep the boom steady and horizontal while sailing.

CHAINPLATES: Strips of metal fastened to the boat's hull or deck designed to take the stress of stays.

CLEVIS PIN: A small stainless steel pin that has a hole in one end for a cotter pin and is used to secure stays to chainplates and mast fittings.

CLEW: The aft-most lower corner of a sail.

COTTER PIN: A straight or circular split metal pin used to hold a clevis pin in place.

DOWNHAUL: A device used to tighten the luff of a sail.

FAIRLEAD: An eye used to lead line in the direction desired.

FOOT: The lower edge of a sail.

GOOSENECK: A metal device that secures the boom to the mast.

GUDGEON: A metal socket attached to the transom to receive the pintle of the rudder.

GUNWALES: The upper edge of a boat's side where it meets the deck.

HALYARD: A line for hoisting (or raising) the sails.

HEAD: The upper corner of a sail.

HEADBOARD: The fitting at the head of a sail with a hole in it to receive the main halyard.

HEADSTAY: The foremost stay on a sailboat. A jib is set on a headstay.

JIB SNAPS: Small fittings that are attached to the luff of a jib which secure the jib to the headstay.

JIBE: The action of the mainsail when shifting from one side of the boat to the other when heading downwind.

JIFFY REEFING: (see "reefing") A quick method of reefing the mainsail, sometimes, with one line.

LEECH: The aft edge of a sail.

LUFF: The forward edge of a sail.

MAINSHEET: The line used to trim a mainsail.

MASTHEAD FITTING: The fitting at the top of a mast.

### **BRIEF GLOSSARY** (Continued)

MAST STEP: A metal fitting that holds the base of the mast in position.

OUTHAUL: A line used to haul the clew of a sail out to the edge of the boom.

PINTLES: Pins on the forward side of a boat's rudder, designed to rest in and pivot on the gudgeons secured to the transom.

REEFING: To reduce a sail by rolling or folding up part of it.

RIGGING: The wire supporting the spars is called standing rigging (stays or shrouds), and the ropes used in setting and trimming sails are known as running rigging (halyards and sheets).

ROLLER FURLING: A means of reducing sail on a main or jib by rolling the sail around a rod or wire.

SHACKLE: A U-shaped piece of metal with a pin across the open ends.

SHEET: A rope used to trim a sail.

SHROUD: A length of wire used to support a spar (same as a "stay").

SLACK: The opposite of taut (i.e., slack away or off—to pay out).

SPREADERS: Aluminum tubes that project from a mast in a traverse direction in order to keep a stay at proper tension and to help hold the mast erect.

STAY: A length of wire used to support a spar (same as a "shroud").

STEMHEAD FITTING: The fitting nearest the bow on the deck where the headstay attaches.

STEP: To step a mast is to set it in position.

TACK: The lower forward corner of a sail.

TILLER: A piece of wood connected with the rudder head. By this the rudder is moved as desired.

TOPPING LIFT: A wire and/or rope that attaches to the top of the mast and fastens to the end of the boom. Its purpose is to hold the end of the boom up when the mainsail is lowered.

TRIM: To trim sails. To put them in correct relation to the wind by means of sheets.

TURNBUCKLE: A device used to maintain correct tension on rigging.

### II. General Handling & Operation

#### A. Diesel Engine

An engine owner's manual is supplied with your boat and should be read thoroughly. The manual contains technical specifications, running instructions and maintenance schedule on lubricants and fluids. For long engine life, follow routine maintenance schedules.

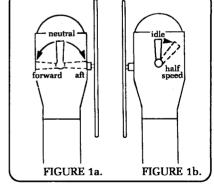
You should check engine oil, transmission fluid and coolant levels. Water, rust, scale and dirt will cause serious damage to the injectors on diesel engines. You should check your filters frequently and change when necessary.

If you start your engine, run it a minimum of 15 minutes to bring it up to operating temperature. This insures that any condensation is evaporated. Your engine should "run-out" at ¾ throttle at least once a month to clean out carbon build-up and moisture.

#### STARTING:

- Visually check engine compartment to see that the throttle linkage, shifting controls, electrical connections and fuel lines are properly secured.
- 2. Before each start check oil in engine and transmission.
- 3. Insure that engine shut-off cable is properly secured and operating.
- 4. Place the shift lever in the neutral position.
- 5. Move the throttle or "fuel" lever forward to approximately the half-speed position.
- 6. Insert the starter key and turn to the "on" position.
- Press the starter button and hold until engine starts, then release. The buzzer and/or light should then go off.
- 8. Back the throttle off to an idle position (700 to 800 rpm); allow cold engine to warm up a minimum of five minutes.
- Check that the lube oil pressure warning light and the charge lamp go off. If any of the warning lamps do not go off above 1,000 rpm, the engine is malfunctioning and should be stopped immediately. Consult your nearest engine dealer.

NOTE: To stop engine at any time, pull "engine stop" lever all the way out. Before stopping, however, it is a good idea to idle the engine in neutral for about five minutes, then race it in the full-throttle position for a moment, then return to idle and stop the engine.



. CAUTION: Do not turn safety main switch to "off" while engine is running. This can seriously damage the alternator.

#### MOTORING:

When engine is warm, you may move the "shift" lever either forward to

go ahead or aft to move in reverse.

CAUTION: Your rigging will conduct electricity. Always check for overhead high tension wires before proceeding. Once clear, you may increase your speed in a reasonable and safe manner as desired.

IMPORTANT: Do not shift from forward to reverse or back without first lowering engine rpm to idle. When sailing, it is best to start the engine before the sails are lowered. This way, it is still possible to maneuver if the engine should not start.

#### **B. Electrical System**

Your Hunter is fitted with an electrical system designed for both AC (AC not available on the 26.5 and smaller) and DC. While in port, you can operate any tool, appliance or other device designed to function on regular house current (120V) simply by plugging your dockside power cord into a convenient outlet on shore and turning your AC main breaker on.

CAUTION: Do not allow your dockside power cord to come in contact with the water. Never operate any AC power tool or other electrical equipment while

you or the device are in contact with the water.

When leaving port, disconnect the dockside power cord and turn the main DC breaker on. This allows you to use the ship's lights and other equipment designed to operate on direct current. Keep in mind that your DC power source is a 12-volt battery and, just as with your automobile, it must be charged regularly by operating the engine. Unless a state of charge is maintained, there may not be enough power to operate the starter motor. Dangerous situations can result if the engine cannot be started when needed.

Make a regular visual check of battery(ies) to insure proper water level and inspect terminals for signs of corrosion. If your boat sits for long periods without use, it is often a good idea to remove the battery(ies) and attach them to a

trickle charger to keep them fully charged and ready to use.

#### C. Water System

The water heater operates either on 120 volts AC or when the engine is running. To obtain hot water from the engine, it must run a minimum of one-half hour.

CAUTION: Do not turn the water heater on until you are sure the tank is filled with water. To do so will destroy the heating element, which is not covered by the warranty.

Pressure water pumps are the demand type. Once the circuit breaker switch

is on, opening the faucet will produce water flow.

*NOTE:* Intermittent operation of the freshwater pump while all faucets are closed usually indicates a leak somewhere in the lines. Trace the lines to locate the leak and repair.

#### D. Stove

Follow the operating instructions supplied with the unit installed with your boat.

#### E. Toilet

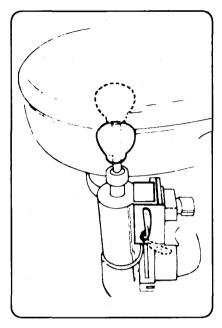
*IMPORTANT:* When not in use, lever must be left in the "dry" position to prevent flooding.

Before using, place the lever in the "wet" position and pump slowly to partly fill and wet the inside of the bowl. Return to "dry" position.

After using, return the lever to the "wet" position for flushing and pump until the bowl is thoroughly cleaned. Continue with several more full strokes to flush discharge lines. Return lever to the "dry" position and pump slowly until bowl is empty.

#### F. Pumps

All pumps should be checked frequently to insure proper operation. This is an especially important regular maintenance item since functioning of a pump could save your vessel from serious damage at some future time.



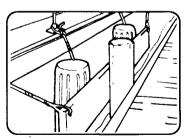
Inspect all hoses for chafing and dry rot. See that hose clamps are tight. Check that pump impeller area is clean and free of obstructions.

Inspect electrical wiring for corrosion.

Make sure float switch moves freely and is making an electrical connection.

#### G. Docking

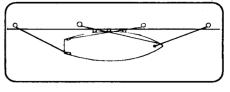
Docking your boat should be handled carefully to avoid potential damage. Under normal wind and water conditions, the following considerations should be made:



- Whenever possible, your approach should be made against the prevailing wind and current to assist in stopping the boat. Where these conditions are contrary, the strongest should be used to determine approach.
- Approaching the dock-dock lines and fenders should be at ready, loose gear stowed and decks cleared. Determine the direction of wind and current, and, once you decide which side of the boat will

be against the dock, rig dock lines and fenders on the appropriate side. One dock line should be attached to the bow cleat, another to the stern cleat opposite the side that will lie against the dock. *NOTE:* If the boat is to lie against a piling, rig a fender board across two or more fenders.

 Tying up—attach bow and stern lines to dock, hauling boat in with fenders against dock. Rig crossing spring lines to limit motion forward and aft. Be sure to allow some slack in all lines to compensate for tidal activity



if present. Never use bow rail, stern rail or stanchions to secure vessel, even for brief periods.

For other types of moorings, or for abnormal wind or water conditions, consult your *Chapman's* or other approved boating guide.

#### H. Anchoring

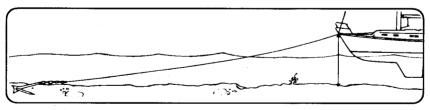
Your Hunter comes with an on-deck anchor well and a burying-type anchor as standard equipment. The anchor is selected to suit the size and weight of your boat under normal anchoring conditions, and provides its best holding characteristic in muddy or sandy bottoms.

When anchoring, pay particular attention to the scope of your anchor rode (i.e., the relationship between the depth of the water and the length of the rode). A good rule of thumb is to allow a scope of about 7:1 (a rode seven times as long as the vertical distance from the bow to the bottom). A helpful aid is to mark the rode every 20 feet or so with knots or other types of indicators. Before dropping anchor, make sure the bitter end is secured to the cleat in the anchor well.

Also, be sure to consider wind direction, currents, mean low tide depths and other local conditions when anchoring, as well as the positions of any boats already anchored nearby.

*CAUTION:* Anchoring in unusual water and/or weather conditions will require additional precautions. Consult your *Chapman's* or other approved guide for suggestions.

To weigh anchor, motor or sail (under main only) slowly forward. When at a point directly above the anchor, a quick tug should free it from the bottom. Take care not to damage the topsides when hauling the anchor aboard. It is good practice to thoroughly clean the anchor prior to placing it in the anchor well.



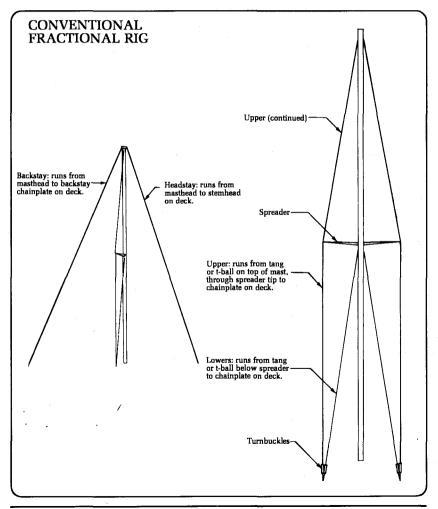
## III. Sails & Rigging

# A. Tuning the Conventional Fractional Rig (Hunter 23, Hunter 26.5, Hunter 333, Legend 35, Legend 37)

#### TUNING THE RIGGING:

After raising your mast, attach the headstay, backstay, upper shrouds and lower shrouds. Set the headstay turnbuckle at half open and then tighten backstay turnbuckle to medium tension.

To center the mast athwartships, start with only slight tension on the upper and lower shrouds. Check that the mast is centered in the boat by measuring



from the masthead to the chainplates with a steel tape measure hoisted completely up the main halyard. Adjust the upper shroud until the measurements port and starboard are exactly the same. Now the spar is plumb athwartships, tension both uppers equally, counting turnbuckle revolutions as you go. Tighten uppers until you have approximately one inch of "prebend" fore and aft in the mast. This is achieved because the swept spreaders will push the middle part of the mast forward as you increase tension of the uppers.

Now tighten the lower shrouds evenly, making sure the mast remains straight athwartship. Sight up the luff groove to assure this straightness. Lowers should end up almost as tight as the uppers. (The uppers should always be the tightest.) Both the Legend 35 and Legend 37 are equipped with double spreaders. The three shrouds should be made progressively tighter toward the top of the rig; the uppers should be the tightest of all. Tighten backstay to a taut position: perhaps eight to ten turns past your original tension.

Check the mast tuning by sailing in medium winds (10-12 knots). Sometimes fine tuning the upper and lower shrouds is necessary when the spar is loaded in sailing conditions. Sail on both tacks, sighting up the luff groove to check athwartship straightness. Both upper and lower shrouds should be taut on the

leeward side.

When mast tuning is complete, install cotter pins in all turnbuckles and tape over sharp edges of the cotter pins with chafe tape.

#### B. Tuning the B&R Rig (Hunter 28.5, Legend 40, Legend 45)

#### NOMENCLATURE DESIGNATION:

upper-upper	D3*
lower-upper	V2
lower-intermediate	V1
lower	
upper-intermediate	D2*
lower-diamond	
upper-diamond	
*D2 and D3 are cut to a fixed length (no turnbuckles).	

Initial tuning is best accomplished before the mast is stepped.

Support the mast, forward side down, about one-quarter of its length from the end and at its center. Once the mast is supported, make certain that it has no bow in any direction. Attach a small string from the masthead, in line with the sail track groove, to the base of the mast, stretching it as tight as possible. Check to make sure it is a constant distance from the mast along the entire length.

You are now ready to "tune in" the desired mast bend, which is one percent of the mast height above the boom  $(.01 \times \text{mast height above boom})$ . On a 50' mast, this would be .5 feet at the mid-point of the mast.

Using the rigging diagram, locate d1 and d2. Before tuning, make sure the turnbuckles are adjusted back with equal thread showing. Carefully counting turns, adjust d1 port, d1 starboard, d2 port and d2 starboard evenly until the desired bend is induced. This is checked by measuring from the string down to the mast at the center of the mast.

from the masthead to the chainplates with a steel tape measure hoisted completely up the main halyard. Adjust the upper shroud until the measurements port and starboard are exactly the same. Now the spar is plumb athwartships, tension both uppers equally, counting turnbuckle revolutions as you go. Tighten uppers until you have approximately one inch of "prebend" fore and aft in the mast. This is achieved because the swept spreaders will push the middle part of the mast forward as you increase tension of the uppers.

Now tighten the lower shrouds evenly, making sure the mast remains straight athwartship. Sight up the luff groove to assure this straightness. Lowers should end up almost as tight as the uppers. (The uppers should always be the tightest.) Both the Legend 35 and Legend 37 are equipped with double spreaders. The three shrouds should be made progressively tighter toward the top of the rig; the uppers should be the tightest of all. Tighten backstay to a taut position: perhaps eight to ten turns past your original tension.

Check the mast tuning by sailing in medium winds (10-12 knots). Sometimes fine tuning the upper and lower shrouds is necessary when the spar is loaded in sailing conditions. Sail on both tacks, sighting up the luff groove to check athwartship straightness. Both upper and lower shrouds should be taut on the

leeward side.

When mast tuning is complete, install cotter pins in all turnbuckles and tape over sharp edges of the cotter pins with chafe tape.

#### B. Tuning the B&R Rig (Hunter 28.5, Legend 40, Legend 45)

#### NOMENCLATURE DESIGNATION:

upper-upper	D3*
lower-upper	V2
lower-intermediate	V1
lower	
upper-intermediate	D2*
lower-diamond	
upper-diamond	
*D2 and D3 are cut to a fixed length (no turnbuckles).	

Initial tuning is best accomplished before the mast is stepped.

Support the mast, forward side down, about one-quarter of its length from the end and at its center. Once the mast is supported, make certain that it has no bow in any direction. Attach a small string from the masthead, in line with the sail track groove, to the base of the mast, stretching it as tight as possible. Check to make sure it is a constant distance from the mast along the entire length.

You are now ready to "tune in" the desired mast bend, which is one percent of the mast height above the boom  $(.01 \times \text{mast height above boom})$ . On a 50' mast, this would be .5 feet at the mid-point of the mast.

Using the rigging diagram, locate d1 and d2. Before tuning, make sure the turnbuckles are adjusted back with equal thread showing. Carefully counting turns, adjust d1 port, d1 starboard, d2 port and d2 starboard evenly until the desired bend is induced. This is checked by measuring from the string down to the mast at the center of the mast.

It is important to make sure the mast is straight athwartships at this time.

You are now ready to step the mast.

Step the mast with all shrouds loosely attached.

Adjust the forestay and backstay to obtain the desired mast rake. The mast should be vertical or raked aft. The more rake, the greater the weather helm. The forestay and backstay should have a reasonable amount of tension on them.

Adjust V2 (port and starboard) evenly until they are tight. You should finish with approximately equal amounts of thread showing on each turnbuckle.

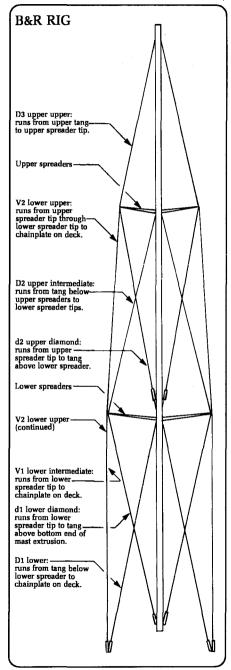
Using the jib halyard, check the mast for athwartship plumb. Pull the halyard out to the side of the boat and below the shear. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side. If you find a big difference (more than ½ inch), adjust turnbuckles an equal amount in opposite directions until the mast is straight.

Adjust V1 (port and starboard) using the above procedure.

Repeat the procedure for D1 (port and starboard).

Your mast should now have the original "pre-bend" and be straight athwartship.

Check the mast tuning by sailing in medium winds (10 to 12 knots). Sail on both tacks, sighting up the luff groove to check athwartship straightness. Shrouds should not be loose on the leeward side. (This is especially important with the B&R rig.) Follow the progressive shroud tightness routine described in the tuning instructions for the conventional rig. When mast tuning is complete, install cotter pins in all turnbuckles and tape over sharp edges of the cotter pins with chafe tape.



#### C. Roller Furling

#### OPERATING THE ROLLER FURLING:

- To furl the sail, release the jib sheet and pull in on furling line from cockpit. Hand power is all that's needed; only special situations necessitate using a winch.
- 2. To roll the jib tightly around the headstay, it is advisable to keep some tension on the jib sheet. This can be done by holding the jib sheet and allowing it to slide through your fingers or by leaving two turns around a winch while furling. After jib has been completely furled, furling line should be cleated and jib sheet tensioned.
- 3. To unfurl, uncleat furling line, leaving one turn around the cleat for friction. This prevents snags on the drum. The jib sheet on leeward side of boat is then pulled to unfurl sail. It may be unrolled part-way or all the way, depending on wind conditions.

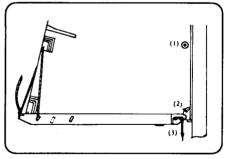
#### REEFING THE ROLLER FURLING SAIL:

- The sail should be tightly rolled to maintain optimum sail shape. Leave two turns around the sheet winch with the tail of the jib sheet held loosely in your hand. Then pull the furling line in against tension of jib sheet to achieve the tightest roll (and, therefore, the best sail shape).
- 2. You may reef the sail to any point. Most any sail may be reefed except a large genoa which is specifically cut very full and has a lightweight cloth that cannot withstand the strain of reefing. (Consult a sailmaker if in doubt.)

#### D. Reefing the Mainsail

Your Hunter or Legend is equipped with an easy-to-use jiffy reefing system. To reef the main:

- Ease the mainsheet (boom vang if installed), making sure topping lift is secured in position.
- Lower the main halyard so that tack reef cringle can be placed on gooseneck reef hook. Re-tension main halyard when hooked in place.
- Clew reef line must now be tensioned so that clew reef cringle is brought down snugly against boom.
- 4. Readjust mainsheet and boom vang.
- 5. The reefed folds of cloth can be rolled up and secured with short lines through the reef points and around the folds and boom. *IMPORTANT*: Be sure to until these first when shaking out the reef.
- 6. To unreef, reverse the procedure.



#### E. Sail Care and Storage

Your Hunter or Legend comes with Dacron mainsail and 110% genoa jib. To extend the life of your sails and maintain their best performance:

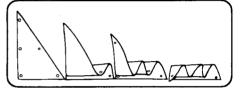
1. Never use them in wind ranges that exceed their capabilities.

2. Never let them luff for extended periods of time.

3. Rinse your sails in freshwater whenever possible if you sail in saltwater. Tub wash them every few seasons to keep them bright and attractive. CAUTION: Do not machine wash. Use a mild detergent in warm water, and remove all detergents completely with a thorough rinsing.

For oil and grease stains, use commercial cleaning solvents. Should a yellow stain develop, bleach with oxalic acid and rinse thoroughly. Rust stains should be soaked in a warm solution of two parts hydrochloric acid per 100 parts water, rinsing thoroughly.

After rinsing your sails, spread them and allow to dry thoroughly before bagging. This is a good time to inspect them for minor damage. When dry, fold according to diagram. First spread sail on flat surface, then fold in a smooth, accordien plant from the foot to the had



dian pleat from the foot to the head. Next, roll the folded sail from the tack to the clew and slide carefully into bag.

At the end of each season, it is good practice to have your local sailmaker inspect your sails for signs of wear and tear.

#### F. Care of Standing Rigging

The stays and shrouds on your Hunter or Legend are highly durable stainless steel to insure years of reliable service. To protect your standing rigging, keep it clean and, whenever possible, rinse thoroughly with freshwater. Check occasionally for "fish hooks," strands of wire that have broken and curled outward. These can snag sails and inflict painful cuts in bare hands. Broken strands indicate the wire is deteriorating and should be replaced.

Also inspect turnbuckles regularly and replace any missing cotter pins. Occasional lubricating improves both the life and the function of the turnbuckles.

#### G. Care of Running Rigging

To protect your running rigging (sheets, halyards) from damage, wash with cold water (and a mild detergent, if necessary), especially after exposure to saltwater. Rinse thoroughly and coil. Hang the tail ends of halyards off the deck to promote drying. Sheets should also be hung to dry.

Inspect all lines periodically for fraying and other damage. Lines showing substantial wear should be replaced.

#### H. Stepping the Mast On the Hunter 23

Hunter Marine recommends that you walk through the following seven steps and assign each person their respective task and positions during the stepping of the mast. Sailing is a fun and safe sport when the crew operates as a team. Good luck and smooth sailing.

#### STEP 1:

You will start off by raising the boom crutch to its highest position. Then walk the mast aft with the mainsail track down until the base of the mast lines up with the mast step. Position the mast correctly in the step and have the crew member designated push the pin through the aft hole connecting the two parts at the step to form a hinge.



Loosen all turnbuckles until there are four (4) full turns on each end and then attach the uppers, lowers and the backstay to the appropriate chainplates. Attach a swivel block, not included, to the mooring pin in the bow. Tie the jib sheet to the forestay turnbuckle with a bowline and lead the sheet through the swivel block and aft to one of the jib sheet winches.

You are now ready to raise the mast. (We suggest that you double-check these procedures one more time before going to step two.)

#### STEP 2:

The strongest of the crew members will be the one to raise the mast as far as possible while standing in the cockpit at the forward end while another crew member puts tension on the line attached to the headstay by cranking the jib sheet winch with the winch handle. Tighten this line as tight as you can.



#### STEP 3:

After making sure that the headstay line is fully supporting the mast and is now securely cleated, the crew members change positions; the crew member at the winch takes the place of the crew member at the mast and *vice versa*.





#### STEP 4:

The mast continues to be raised by a joint effort of cranking the winch while at the same time hoisting/guiding the mast easily, as the headstay line will carry the bulk of the weight. Team effort here pays off. Be sure it doesn't lean from side to side; keep it straight as it goes up.



#### STEP 5:

The crew member guiding the mast upward holds it in the upright position while the crew member at the winch goes forward. Disconnect the headstay line and attach the headstay to the chainplate.



#### STEP 6:

All you need to do now is insert the forward pin through the holes at the mast step, thereby securing the mast to the mast step and deck. The other crew member continues to hold the mast steady during this final procedure.

#### STEP 7:

Now all you have left to do is tighten and tune the rigging, attach the sails and give your Hunter 23 the "once over" before backing the trailer into the water and setting out to sea. Make sure all your gear is properly stowed, your car is locked and you have the keys, and then you're ready for any adventure awaiting you and your crew.

#### **HUNTER 23 MOTOR:**

The Hunter 23 outboard motor should be operated in accordance with the instructions provided by the manufacturer.

As a precaution to insure that you do not lose the outboard if the clamp comes loose, always have a safety line attached from the motor to the boat.

#### **HUNTER 23 TRAILER:**

It is recommended that you maintain your trailer weight at approximately 225 pounds.

#### IV. Maintenance

#### A. Engine, Transmission and Drivetrain

#### **ENGINE:**

Follow the fuel and lubrication requirements in the Engine Manual. Check the engine oil level before and after operation and use quality motor oil (refer to Engine Manual). Be certain the proper amount of oil is in the crankcase at all times.

Engine alignment: The engine should be aligned by experienced marine service personnel. Final alignment should be done after launching, with all normal gear aboard. A description of the procedure follows:

The coupling flanges must come together evenly at all points, a feeler gauge is used to check the gap. If adjustment is necessary, the engine is tilted up or down and/or side to side until the flanges meet equally. Severe vibration will result from misalignment and can cause strut bearing and shaft damage.

Alignment should be checked again after several weeks of use. (Refer to this manual's alignment drawing.)

#### TRANSMISSION:

Follow the lubrication requirements of the Engine Manual. The oil level should be checked immediately after operation.

#### DRIVETRAIN:

The shaft log (stuffing box) should be inspected periodically.

The stuffing box is held to the shaft log tube by a rubber tube secured by hose clamps. The clamps should be tight and no water should leak from this location. A slight drip from the stuffing box at the shaft exit is necessary (four drops a minute) and normal.

To adjust, loosen the lock nut, tighten gland nut one-quarter turn, and retighten lock nut. If excessive water flow persists after adjustment, replace the packing and then adjust as above.

#### **B.** Steering

The manufacturer's instructions for maintaining pedestal steering system should be followed closely. Wires should be periodically inspected for proper tension. Lightly oil all wire.

#### C. Electrical Systems

The electrical system is a 12-volt, negative ground installation. The owner should periodically inspect battery(ies) and cables for signs of corrosion, cracks, and electrolyte leakage.

#### **D. Plumbing Systems**

All pumps should be checked frequently to insure proper operation. This

is an especially important regular maintenance item since proper functioning of a pump could save your vessel from serious damage in the future.

Inspect all hoses for chafing and dry rot. See that hose clamps are tight. Check that the pump impeller area is clean and free of obstructions.

Inspect electrical wiring for corrosion. Make sure float switches move freely

and are making an electrical connection.

The owner should become familiar with the layout of the water and waste systems by walking through the boat with the diagrams provided in this manual. It is especially important that the owner knows all thru-hull valve locations and inspects for leaks frequently.

General Thru-hull List (varies from boat to boat—see diagrams in section VI)

- 1) Engine cooling system
- 2) Gallev sink
- 3) Head sink
- 4) Head toilet (water intake)
- 5) Holding tank discharge
- 6) Scupper drains

#### E. Fuel System

The owner should inspect the condition of fuel lines for cracks or leaks. A primary source of fuel-related problems is water in the system. The owner should seek out only well maintained fueling facilities and make sure fuel fill caps are tightly secured after filling. Check and maintain fuel filters periodically.

#### F. General Care

#### CLEANING FIBERGLASS SURFACES:

Fiberglass surfaces should be cleaned regularly. Normal accumulations of surface dirt can be removed simply by occasional rinsings with water. If your boat is operated in salt water, more frequent rinsing will be required. To remove stubborn dirt, grease or oil, use a mild detergent and a soft brush. Rinse with clean fresh water.

It is also a good idea to wax the fiberglass once or twice a year to maintain a deep, glossy appearance. Your local marine supply should be able to provide an appropriate wax.

#### FIBERGLASS REPAIRS:

Your Hunter or Legend dealer can supply you with the proper gel coat used to repair any hairline cracks or chips.

1. Using a mild detergent solution, clean repair area completely of wax, dirt

or oil, and dry completely.

- 2. To patch "spiderweb" or hairline cracks, begin by widening the crack so that it will hold putty. This is most easily done with an electric drill or router equipped with a V-shaped grinding bit. Also, cut one-quarter inch or so beyond the end of each crack to relieve any stress.
- 3. Brush away all dust from the crack.
- 4. Mix gel coat with filler powder to form a creamy consistency. Mix more than enough patching compound to do the job and stir to a smooth blend.

Temperatures should be in the 60s or above, or a heat lamp should be used for application.

5. Using a putty knife, work the mixture firmly into the crack to eliminate air bubbles. Leave an excess of about one-sixteenth of an inch above the surface of the crack to allow for shrinkage. Wet sand and buff (with compound) the repaired area.

#### TEAK CARE:

Teak wood is an extremely durable wood with a high oil content. To maintain that durable quality it should be given a coat of teak oil once a year or more in northern climates and twice a year or more in tropical climates.

Teak can be allowed to weather out, as seen on many boats, but this will

eventually lead to cracking and splitting.

If you wish to maintain your teak with varnish, resin or urethane, a sealer should be applied after cleaning and sanding. Complete finishing procedures can be obtained from your marine finish products manufacturer or supplier.

#### **FABRIC CARE:**

Cushions should be removed and stored at home if possible. If not, prop them vertically to promote airflow around each cushion.

#### WINCH MAINTENANCE:

Follow the maintenance instructions prescribed by the winch manufacturer.

#### GENERAL HARDWARE MAINTENANCE:

Check all fittings regularly to be sure screws are tight. Occasionally lubricate all moving parts on such fittings as blocks, turnbuckles and cam cleats, as well as the locking pins of snatch blocks, track slides, spinnaker poles, etc.

Inspect chocks, cleats and fairleads for roughness and smooth with fine-

grained emery paper if necessary.

Also, replace any missing or damaged cotter pins in turnbuckles and shackles, and either tape them or use protective covers manufactured for that purpose.

### V. Storage/Winterization

IMPORTANT: Winter storage is recommended to be done in one of the following three ways, either: 1) by blocking the boat via a cradle; or 2) with chained stands on level ground; or 3) by storing the boat in the water with a bubbler system to prevent icing. Damage to your boat, including engine misalignment caused by twisting, is not covered by the warranty.

#### A. Sails

Sails and synthetic lines should be washed and dried thoroughly. Sails should be properly folded and stowed in a dry, well ventilated place. Many sailboat owners send their sails back to the sail manufacturer at the end of each season. The sailmaker will check the stitching and sailcloth for wear and store the sails until the start of the next season.

#### B. Electrical

Remove battery from boat. (Refer to Engine Manual.)

#### C. Cushions

Cushions should be removed and stored at home if possible. If not, prop them vertically to promote airflow around each cushion.

#### D. Hatches

Hatches and floorboards should be left open a crack to provide ventilation for the whole boat. However, it is prudent to loosely cover any open hatches with a tarp or plastic sheeting.

#### E. Water System-Water Heater

#### WATER SYSTEM:

Open a faucet and allow the pump to empty the tank. Then add approximately two gallons of *non-toxic* anti-freeze solution to the tank and repeat the pumping out procedure.

A second method is to disconnect the hoses at the pump, allowing them to drain. Find the lowest point in the system and disconnect the fitting. Open all faucets to allow the lines to drain. If possible, use a short piece of hose on the faucet to blow through the lines to clear all water.

#### WATER HEATER:

Open valve and drain fully. Leave valve open during lay-up time.

#### F. Toilet and Holding Tank

Drain and flush toilet. Using automotive anti-freeze (ethyleneglycol) in a 50/50 mixture with water, pump through toilet and into holding tank.

#### G. Engine

1. Drain the cooling water completely out of the engine and flush the line thoroughly with freshwater. Don't use high pressure through the line.

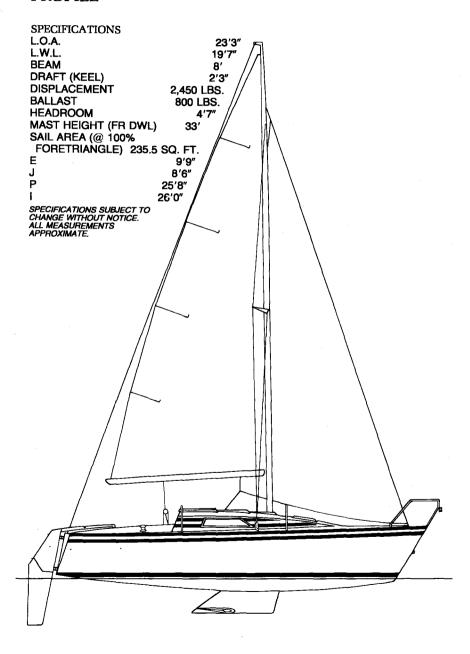
2. Remove the fuel completely from all fuel lines.

- 3. Disconnect the main battery cables from the battery terminals.
- 4. To prevent corrosion inside the cylinders, pour a little lubricating oil into the suction pipe while turning the engine. Enough oil to reach the intake/exhaust valve is sufficient.
- Put the piston at top dead center of compression stroke so that the intake/ exhaust valves are completely closed.
- 6. Apply a thin anti-corrosion treatment to the plating and exposed painted surfaces.
- The engine should be in a well ventilated area, and protected from any kind of dampness.
- 8. Put a dust cover over the engine.
- Check your operation manual for engine diagram and for "Manufacturer's Recommended Winterizing Procedures."

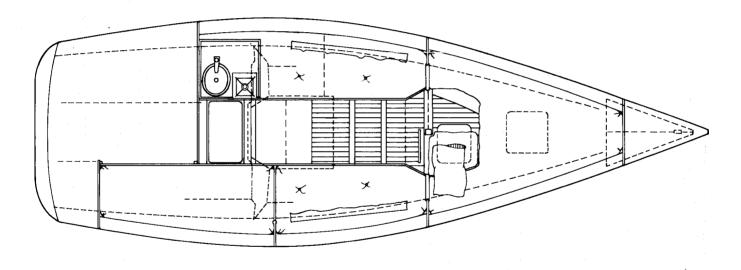
#### H. Outboard Engine

1. Take it home and store it in a safe place. Be very careful storing the gas tank as the gasoline is very flammable.

#### **PROFILE**

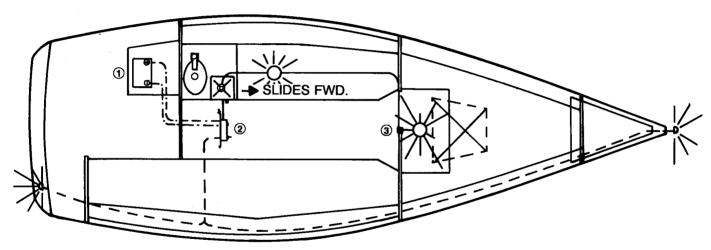


INTERIOR



ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

NOTE: THE MAST IS GROUNDED TO THE FWD. KEEL BOLT WITH AN 8 GA. BLACK WIRE.



#### LEGEND

- 1. 72 AMP BATTERY
- 2. SWITCH PANEL
- 3. MAST POST

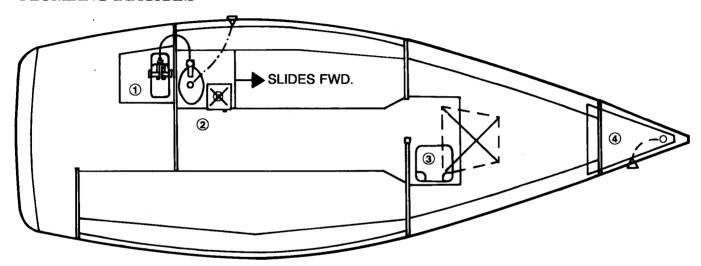
#### SYMBOLS

- ---- 16 GA. RED, BLUE & 2 BLACK
- ——— 16 GA. WHITE & BLACK
- · 8 GA. BLACK
- 8 GA. RED
- CABIN LIGHT ROUND
  - BOW & STERN

#### **COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION**

- RED 16 GA. MAST LIGHT
- BLUE 16 GA. CABIN LIGHTS
- WHITE 16GA. BOW&STERNLIGHTS
- BLACK 16 GA. COMMON
- RED 8 GA. POS. BATTERY
- BLACK 8 GA. NEG. BATTERY & MAST GROUND

PLUMBING DIAGRAM

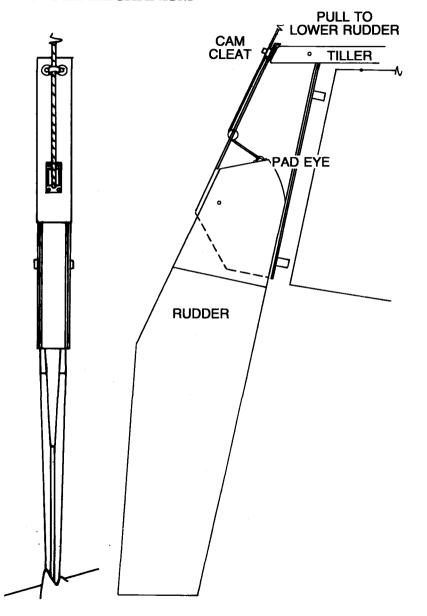


#### LEGEND

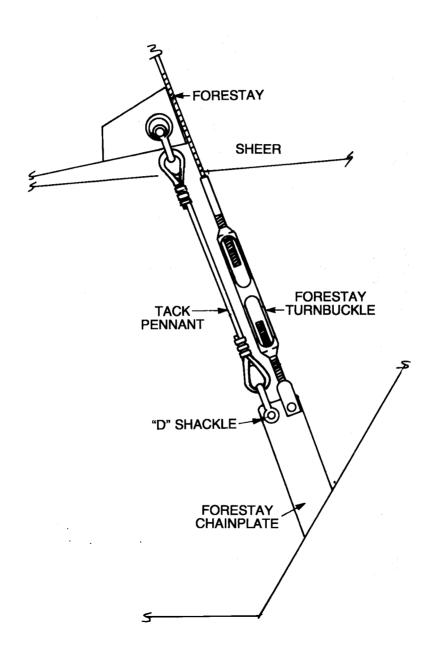
- 1. 5 GAL WATER
- 2. GALLEY
- 3. HEAD
- 4. ANCHOR WELL

- 36" I.D. × 1⁄2" O.D. POLYBUTYLENE TUBING
  - (FRESH WATER)
- --- 3/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE (ANCHOR WELL DRAIN)
- -- 11/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE (GALLEY)
- △ PLASTIC THRU-HULL FITTING

**RUDDER MECHANISM** 

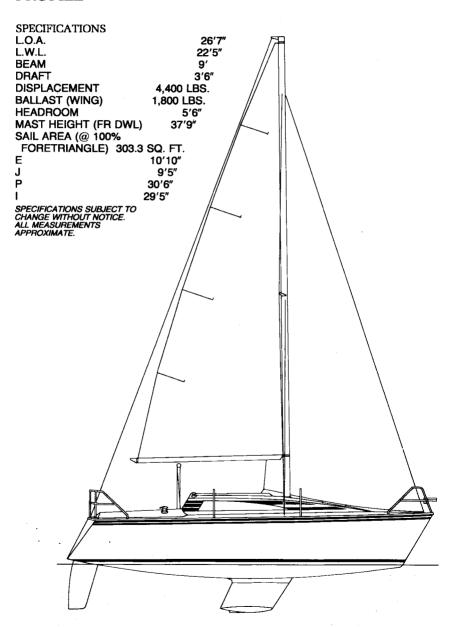


## HUNTER 23 ANCHOR WELL FORESTAY ATTACHMENT

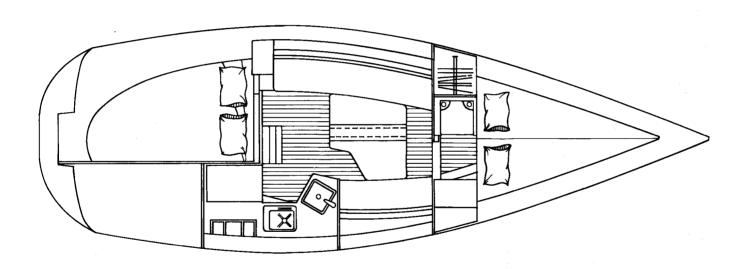


### **HUNTER 26.5**

### **PROFILE**

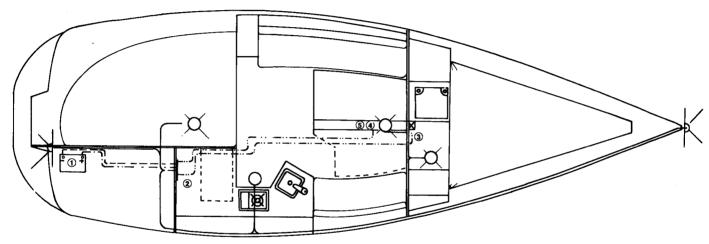


## HUNTER 26.5 INTERIOR



### **HUNTER 26.5**

**ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM** 



### LEGEND

- 1. BATTERY
- 2. SWITCH PANEL
- 3. MAST POST
- 4. BILGE PUMP
- 5. AUTO FLOAT SWITCH (BILGE PUMP)

#### **SYMBOLS**

----- WIRE HARNESS "A"

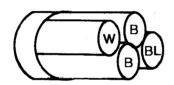
---- 10 GA. WIRE (BLACK)

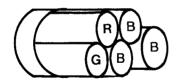
— · — 10 GA. WIRE (RED)

---- MAST WIRE HARNESS

## HUNTER 26.5 ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

### Continued





#### **WIRE HARNESS "A"**

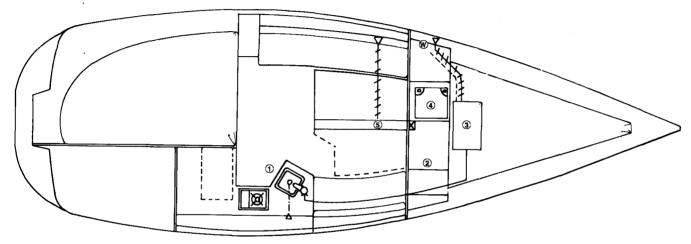
SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
W	WHITE	16	<b>BOW &amp; STERN LIGHTS</b>
В	BLACK	16	COMMON
BL	BLUE	16	CABINLIGHTS

#### **MAST WIRE HARNESS**

SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
R	RED	16	STEAMING LIGHT
G	GREEN	16	ANCHOR LIGHT
В	BLACK	16	COMMON
В	BLACK	10	MAST GROUND

### **HUNTER 26.5**

PLUMBING DIAGRAM

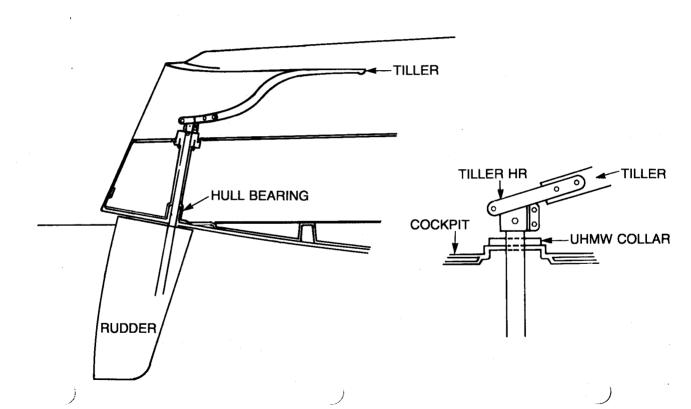


#### LEGEND

- 1. GALLEY SINK
- 2. VANITY SINK
- 3. 18 GAL. WATER TANK
- 4. HEAD
- 5. BILGE PUMP

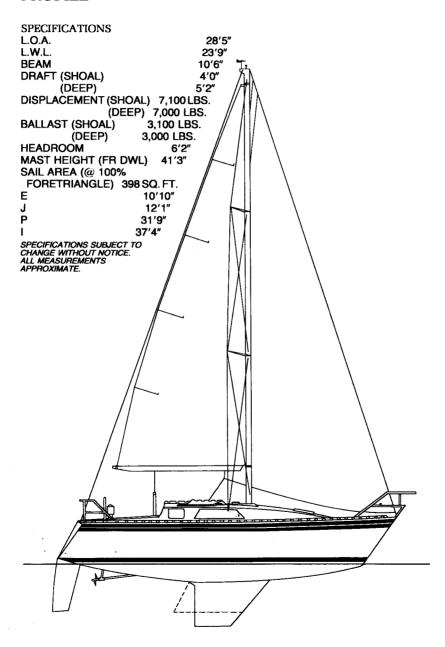
- W WATER FILL
- △ THRU-HULL FITTING
- ----- 1/2" POLYBUTYLENE TUBING (FRESH WATER)
- --- 11/2" SHIELDVAC HOSE (WATER FILL)
- -- 11/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE (SINK DRAINS)
- \*\*\*\* 3/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE (VENT)

## HUNTER 26.5 STEERING & BEARING DIAGRAM

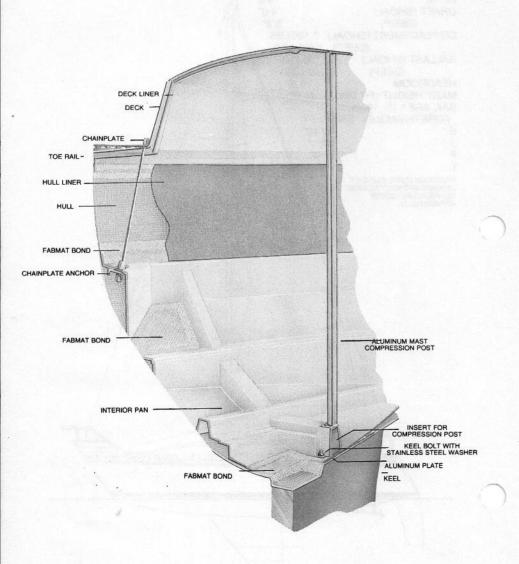


### **HUNTER 28.5**

### **PROFILE**

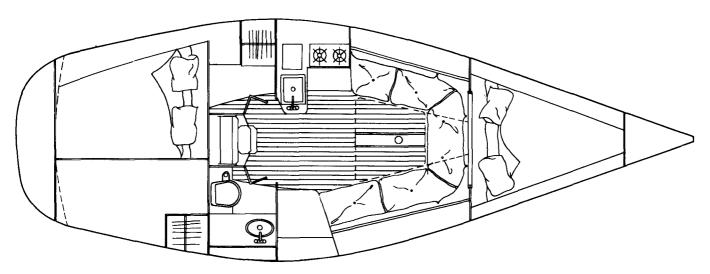


## HUNTER 28.5 CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



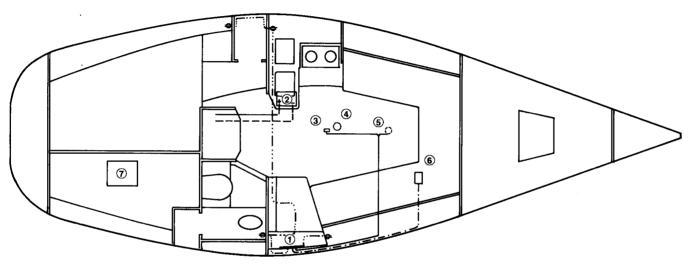
### **HUNTER 28.5**

**INTERIOR** 



## HUNTER 28.5 ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM-AC/DC

NOTE: CHAINPLATES AND MAST ARE GROUNDED TO FORWARD KEEL EAR BOLTS WITH 8 GA. BLACK WIRE.

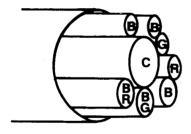


#### LEGEND

- 1. SWITCH PANEL
- 2. 72 AMP BATTERY
- 3. AUTOMATIC FLOAT SWITCH
- 4. BILGE PUMP (ELECTRIC)
- 5. MAST COMPRESSION POST
- 6. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (ELECTRIC)
- 7. WATER HEATER

- ---- 4 GA. RED BATTERY CABLE
- ------ 4 GA. BLACK BATTERY CABLE
- ---- 14/3 BOAT CABLE (110V)
- ----- WIRE HARNESS "B"
- ---- 10 GA. WIRE (BLACK/RED) FOR PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP

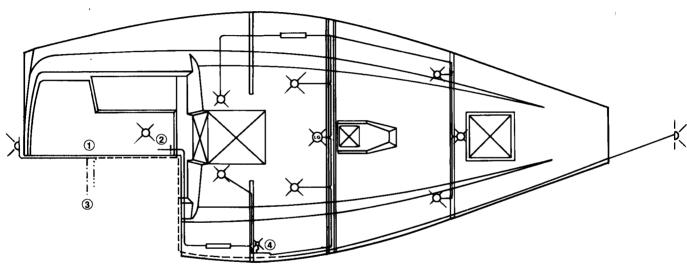
# HUNTER 28.5 ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM-AC/DC Continued



#### WIRE HARNESS SYMBOLS COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION C WHITE Coax. ANTENNA BR **BROWN ELECTRIC BILGE PUMP (HOT)** 12 BG **BEIGE** ELECTRIC BILGE PUMP (COMMON) 12 **BLACK** ELECTRIC BILGE INLINE FUSE 12 RED 16 MAST LIGHTS (HOT) **GREEN** 16 MAST STEAMING LIGHTS (HOT) **BLACK** MAST LIGHTS (COMMON) 16 MAST STEAMING LIGHTS (COMMON) **BLACK** 16

### **HUNTER 28.5**

WIRING THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM-AC/DC



#### **LEGEND**

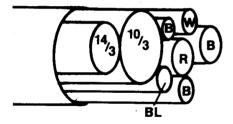
- 1. COMPASS
- 2. ENGINE
- 3. SHORE POWER INLET
- 4. SWITCH PANEL

- X SMALL CABIN LIGHTS
- LARGE CABIN LIGHT
- R BOW AND STERN LIGHTS
- FLOURESCENT LIGHTS
  CHART LIGHT

- --- 16 GA. BLACK/BLUE WIRES (CABIN LIGHTS)
- -- WIRE HARNESS "A"
- · 10 GA. BLACK/RED WIRES (ENGINE TO SWITCH PANEL DC FEED)
- --- · · · · 14/3 BOAT CABLE (WATER HEATER)

## HUNTER 28.5 WIRING THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM-AC/DC

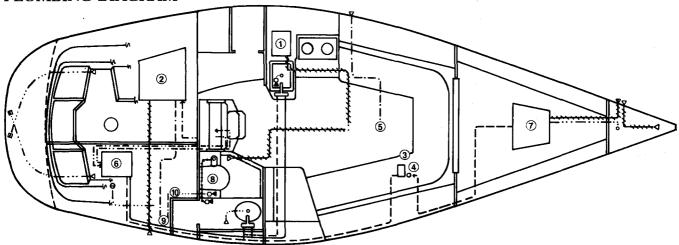
Continued



SYMBOLS	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
10/3	WHITE	10	SHORE POWER
R	RED	10	ENGINE (HOT)
В	BLACK	10	ENGINE (COMMON)
В	BLACK	16	STERN AND COMPASS LIGHTS (COMMON)
BL	BLUE	16	CABINLIGHTS
W	WHITE	16	STERN AND COMPASS LIGHTS
14/3	WHITE	14	WATERHEATER

### **HUNTER 28.5**

PLUMBING DIAGRAM



### LEGEND

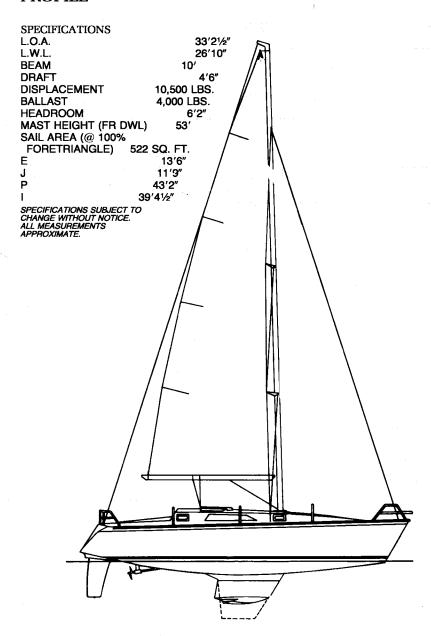
- 1. ICE BOX
- 2. HOLDING TANK
- 3. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
- 4. WATER FILTER
- 5. AUTOMATIC BILGE PUMP
- 6. WATER HEATER
- 7. WATER TANK
- 8. HEAD
- 9. MANUAL WASTE PUMP
- 10. VENTED LOOP

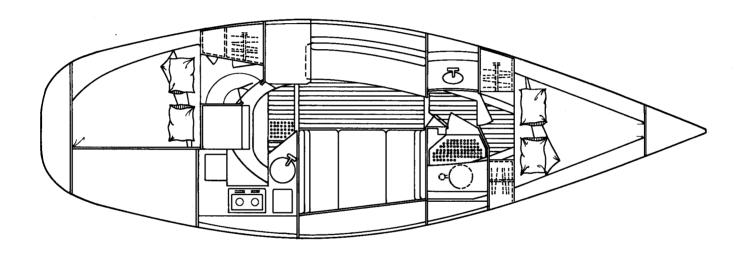
- POLYBUTYLENE TUBE (HOT)
  POLYBUTYLENE TUBE (COLD)
- -·- 1" SHIELDVAC HOSE
  -·- 11/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE
- ----- 1½" SHIELDVAC HOSE
  - ---- 3/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE
    - 3/4" BLACK WATER HOSE
  - --- 11/2" SHIELDFLEX HOSE

- △ PLASTIC THRU-HULL
- BRONZE THRU-HULL
- O GATE VALVE
- WASTE DECK PLATE
- **△** VENT
- WATER FILL NECK PLATE

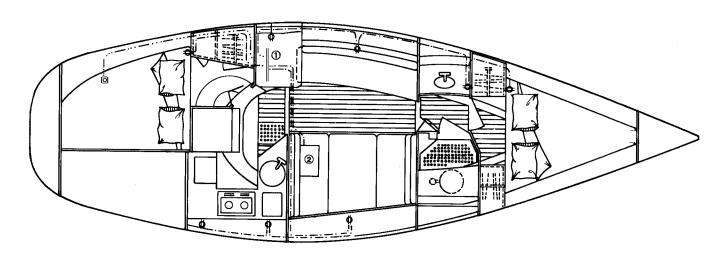
  THRU-HULL SCUPPERS

### **PROFILE**





## HUNTER 333 AC ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

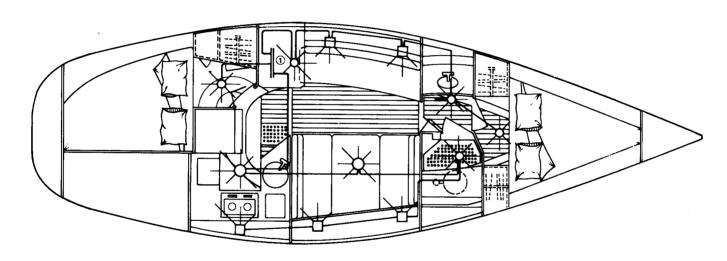


#### LEGEND

- 1. SWITCH PANEL
- 2. WATER HEATER

- SHORE POWER INLET
- O 110V RECEPTACLE
- ----- 14/3 BOAT CABLE
- ----- 10/3 BOAT CABLE

DC ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM I

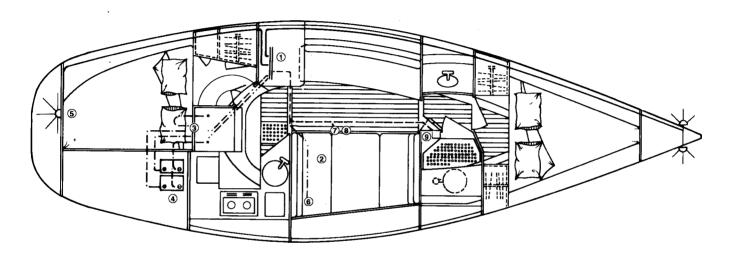


### LEGEND

- 1. SWITCH PANEL
- 2. SMALL LIGHT
- 3. LARGE LIGHT
- 4. READING LAMPS (UNDER STOWAGE COMPARTMENT)
- 5. 16 GA. BI 4CK AND BLUE WIRES

## HUNTER 333 DC ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM II

NOTE: GROUND MAST & CHAINPLATES TO FWD. KEEL BOLT USING 8 GA. BLACK WIRE.



#### LEGEND

- 1. SWITCH PANEL
- 2. WATER HEATER (SEE AC ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM)
- 3. BATTERY SWITCH
- 4. BATTERIES

- 5. COMPASS
- 6. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
- 7. BILGE PUMP
- 8. FLOAT SWITCH
- 9. SHOWER SUMP PUMP

### **SYMBOLS**

BOW AND STERN LIGHTS

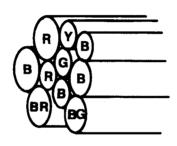
16 GA. BLACK AND WHITE WIRES

--- WIRE HARNESS "A" (THRU-PAN)

-- - 10 GA. WIRES (RED AND BLACK)

## HUNTER 333 DC ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM II

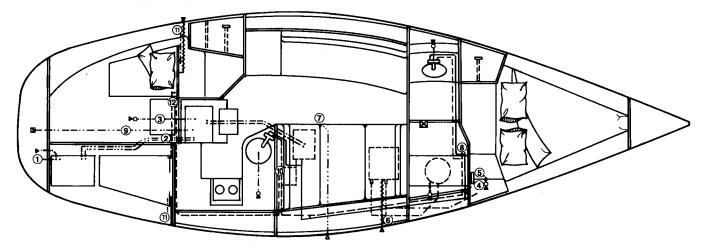
Continued



### **WIRE HARNESS "A"**

SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
Y	YELLOW	16	SHOWERSUMP
G	GREEN	16	STEAMIONG LIGHT (MAST)
R	RED	16	ANCHOR LIGHT (MAST)
В	BLACK	16,12,10	COMMON
R	RED	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
BG	BEIGE	12	BILGE PUMP (INLINE FUSE)
BR	BROWN	12	BILGE PUMP `

PLUMBING DIAGRAM



### LEGEND

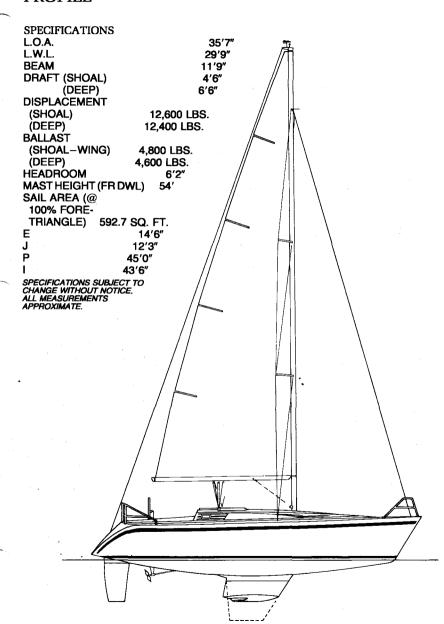
- 1. FUEL FILL DECK PLATE 7. BILGE PUMP
- 2. FUEL FILTER
- 3. SEA STRAINER
- 5. VENTED LOOP

- 8. SHOWER
- 9. WATER LOCK (MUFFLER)
- 4. MANUAL WASTE PUMP 10. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
  - 11. WATER FILL DECK PLATE
- 6. WASTE DECK PLATE 12. 3-WAY WATER VALVE

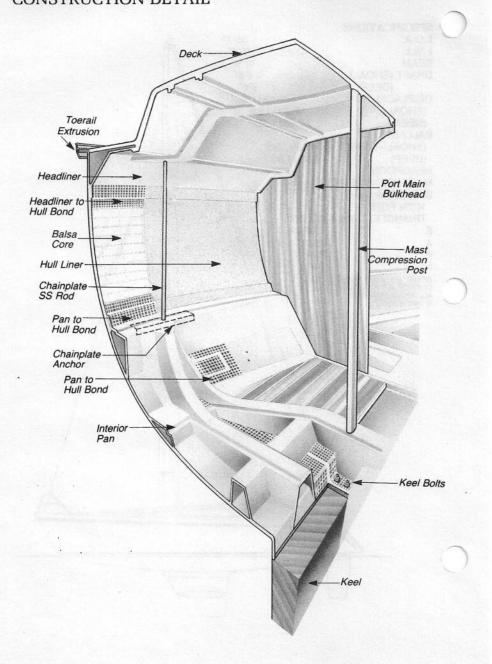
PLUMBING DIAGRAM Continued

#### SYMBOLS \*\*\*\*\* 34" SHIELDVAC HOSE ···· FUEL FEED AND OVERFLOW HOSE - 11/2" SHIELDFLEX HOSE --- 11/2" SHIELDVAC HOSE → → → 3/4" BLACK WATER HOSE -·· - 11/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE ----- 1" SHIELDVAC HOSE --- 3/4" SHIELDFLEX HOSE PLASTIC THRU-HULL --- POLYBUTYLENE TUBING-**BRONZE THRU-HULL** 3/8" I.D. x 1/2" O.D. (COLD) - POLYBUTYLENE TUBING-VENT THRU-HULL SCUPPER TUBE 3/8" I.D. x 1/2" O.D. (HOT) **GATE VALVE** - 11/2" FUEL FILL HOSE - · 5/8" FUEL VENT HOSE **BLEEDER VALVE** MAST POST --- 2" SHIELDSAUST HOSE

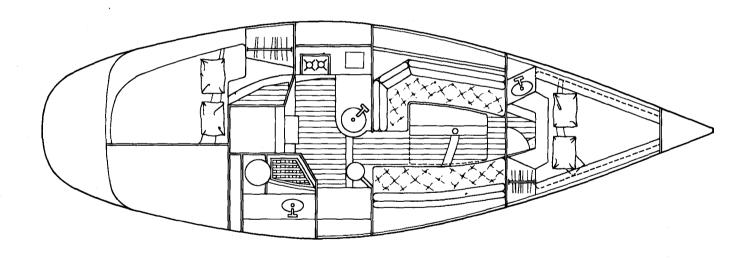
### LEGEND'S S



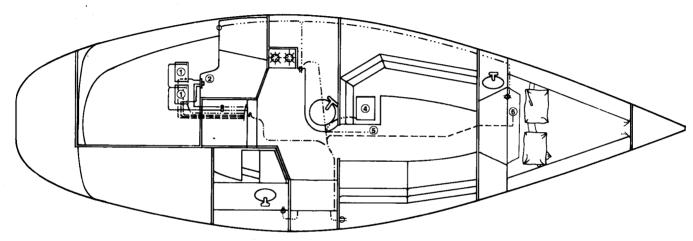
## LEGEND'S S CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



## LEGEND'S SINTERIOR



## LECTRICAL THRU-PAN DIAGRAM

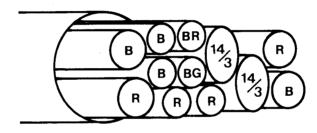


### **LEGEND**

- 1. BATTERIES
- 2. BATTERY SELECTOR SWITCH
- 3. SHOWER SUMP PUMP
- 4. WATER HEATER
- 5. BILGE PUMP
- 6. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
- 7. BATTERY CHARGER

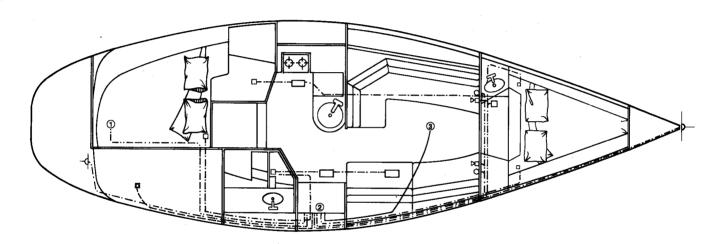
- 4 GA. BATTERY CABLE
- ——— 10 GA. WIRE
- --- WIRE HARNESS "D"
- ---- 8 GA. WIRE
- ---- 14/3 BOAT CABLE
- - 16 GA. WIRE
- ——· 12 GA. WIRE

# ELECTRICAL THRU-PAN DIAGRAM Continued



WIRE HAR	NESS "D"	ı	
SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
BR	<b>BROWN</b>	12	BILGE PUMP (HOT), SWITCH PANEL TO BILGE PUMP
BG	BEIGE	12	AUTO FLOAT SWITCH (HOT), FROM BATTERY TO INLINE
			FUSE, FROM INLINE FUSE TO FLOAT SWITCH
В	BLACK	12	BILGE PUMP (COMMON), SWITCH PANEL TO BILGE PUMP
R	RED	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (HOT), SWITCH PANEL TO WATER PUMP
В	BLACK	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (COMMON), SWITCH PANEL TO WATER PUMP
14/3	WHITE	14	WATER HEATER, 110V RECEPTACLES, SWITCH PANEL TO
			WATER HEATER & 110V RECEPTACLES

### LEGENDSS ELECTRICAL THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM

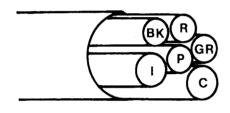


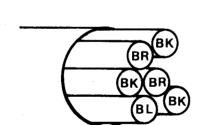
### LEGEND

- 1. COMPASS
- 2. SWITCH PANEL
- 3. MAST

- CABIN LIGHTS DOUBLE
- **CABIN LIGHTS SINGLE**
- SWIVEL LAMPS
- 110V RECEPTACLE **SPEAKERS**
- **BOW LIGHTS** STERN LIGHTS
- SHORE POWER INLET
- **WIRE HARNESS "A"** 10/3 BOAT CABLE
- 16 GA, WIRE
- 14/3 BOAT CABLE · WIRE HARNESS "C"
- -·· GREY DUPLEX WIRE 14 GA.

# ELECTRICAL THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM Continued





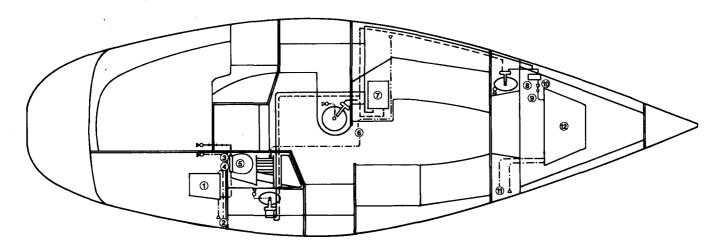
#### **WIRE HARNESS "A"**

SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
R	RED	16	MAST, ANCHOR LIGHT
GR	GREEN	16	MAST, STEAMING LIGHT
Р	PURPLE	16	MAST, DECK LIGHT
BK	BLACK	16	COMMON, STEAMING, ANCHOR & DECK LIGHTS
- 1	BLACK	Inst.	INSTRUMENTS
С	WHITE	Coax.	VHF RADIO ANTENNA

### **WIRE HARNESS "C"**

SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
BL	BLUE	16	CABIN SPEAKERS
BR	BROWN	16	SPEAKERS
BK	BLACK	16	COMMON, CABIN LIGHTS & SPEAKERS

## LEGEND'S PLUMBING DIAGRAM



### LEGEND

- 1. WASTE TANK
- 2. WASTE DECK PLATE
- 3. VENTED LOOP
- 4. MANUAL WASTE PUMP
- 5. HEAD
- 6. AUTO BILGE PUMP

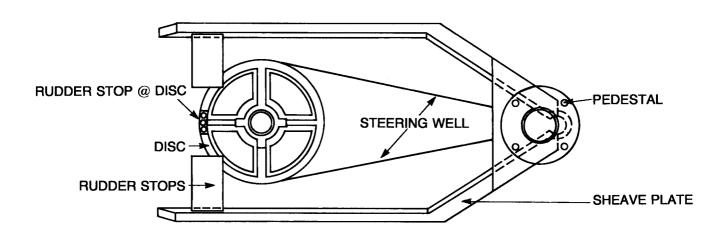
- 7. WATER HEATER
- **8. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP**
- 9. FILTER
- 10. SHUT-OFF VALVE
- 11. WATER FILL PLATE
- 12. WATER TANK

# PLUMBING DIAGRAM Continued

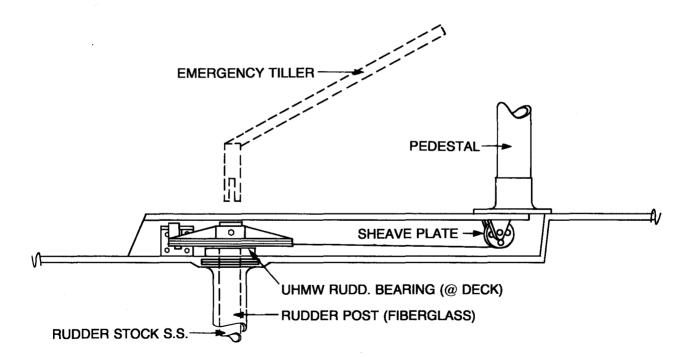
 P	OL	YB	UT	YL	EN.	lΕ	π	JBE	(C	COL	D	W/	<b>ATE</b>	:R	į

- --- POLYBUTYLENE TUBE (HOT WATER)
  --- 94" SHIELDVAC HOSE (VENTS & SHOWER DRAIN)
- -··- 1" SHIELDVAC HOSE (BILGE PUMP)
- -··- 11/4" SANITATION HOSE (SINK DRAINS)
  --- 11/4" SANITATION HOSE (HEAD SYSTEM)
  - 56" WATER HOSE (BLACK) HEAD WATER PICK-UP
  - △ PLASTIC THRU-HULL
  - ▲ BRONZE THRU-HULL
  - ∆ VENT
  - GATE VENT



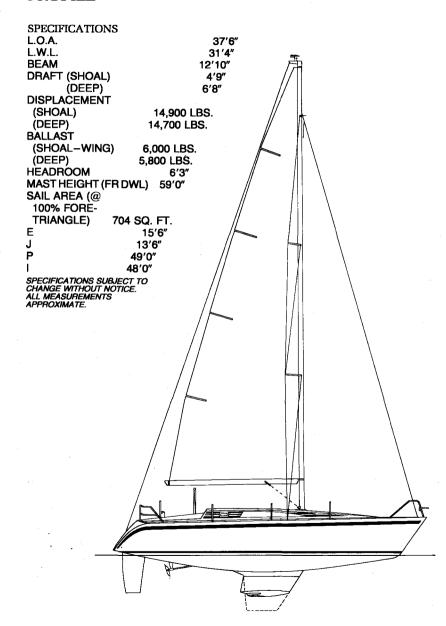




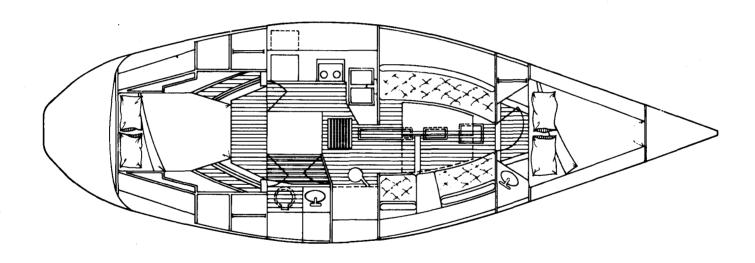


# LEGENDS7/

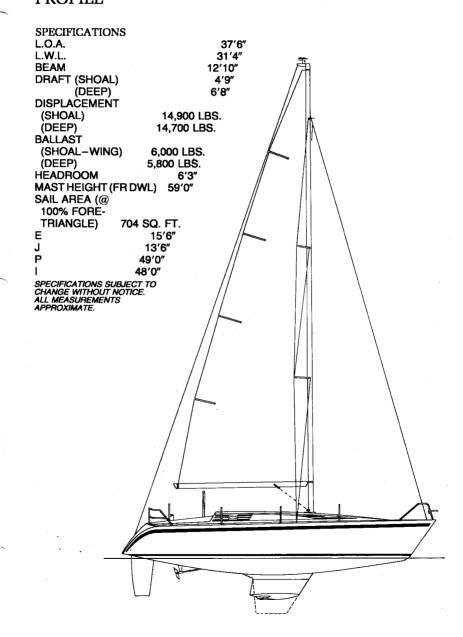
#### **PROFILE**

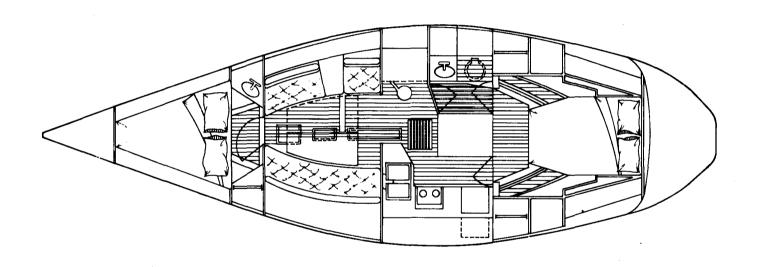


# LECEND®57



# LEGEND®57/





# INTERIOR THE CHANGE TO THE CHANGE THE CHANGE

# 

MIKING TO HEADLINER DIAGRAM

SPEAKERS

SWIVEL LAMPS

Ш

SAMBOLS

TSAM .6

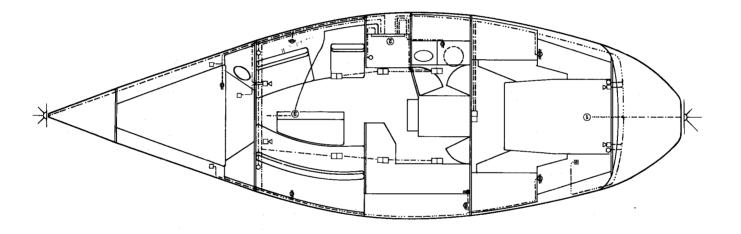
*TECEND* 

2. SWITCH PANEL

1. COMPASS

110V SHORE POWER 110V RECEPTACLE 110V SHORE DOUBLE

CABIN LIGHTS SINGLE



10/3 BOAT CABLE	MIBE HYBINESS "C"
14/3 BOAT CABLE	MIYE HARNESS "B"
8 GA. WIRE	WIRE HARNESS "D"
14 GA. WIRE	STERN LIGHT
4 GA. WIRE	BOW LIGHT

WIRE HARNESS "E"

# 

### Continued TO HEADLINER DIAGRAM

& BOW LIGHTS (COMMON)			
CABIN LIGHTS, SPEAKERS	91	BLACK	BK
<b>BOWLIGHTS</b>	91	<b>STIHW</b>	Μ
CABIN LIGHTS	9 i	BLUE	78
RECEPTACLE	Þ١	<b>STIHW</b>	E/71
SPEAKER-WIRE	91	BHOMN	88
NOITACILITION	GAUGE	СОГОВ	SAMBOL
		MESS "B"	HAH BRIW

91

BLACK

BLUE

**WHITE** 

COLOR

**MILE HARNESS "C"** 

BK

78

E/71

SYMBOL

CABIN LIGHTS (COMMON)

**CABIN LIGHTS** 

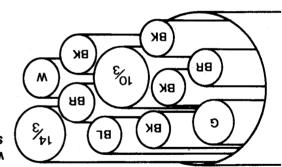
GAUGE APPLICATION

**HECEPTACLES** 

BK Id	
BR BR BK	BK

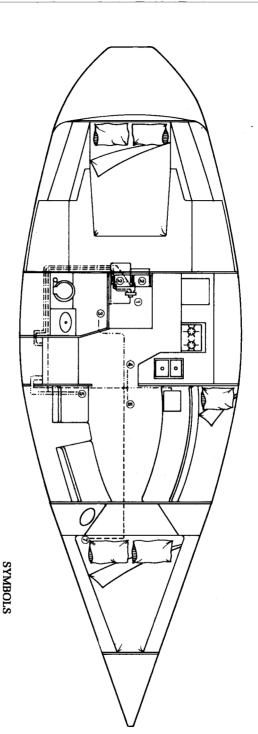
# Continued WIRING TO HEADLINER DIAGRAM

			MESS "D"	HAH 3AIW
NOITAC	APPLIC	BOUAD	COLOR	SYMBOL
LIGHTS	CABIN	91	BLUE	78
SELES	BECEL	Þ١	<b>WHITE</b>	14/3
SHE	SPEAK	16	BROWN	88
FPOWER	SHORE	10	MHITE	E/01
ILIGHT	STERN	16	WHITE	M
ERS, CABIN LIGHTS	SPEAK	16	BLACK	BK
N LIGHT (COMMON)	& STEF			
ASS LIGHT	COMP	Þ١	GREY	Э



			HAN BRIW
NOITACILIGATION	<b>BOUAD</b>	COLOR	SYMBOL
MAST, STEAMING LIGHT	91	GREEN	ЯĐ
MAST, ANCHOR LIGHT	91	GED	A
MAST, DECK LIGHT	91	PURPLE	d
STEAMING, ANCHOR & DECKLIGHTS (COMMON)	91	BLACK	BK
ANNET NA DIO ANTENNA	Coax.	<b>WHITE</b>	0
INSTRUMENTS	.tenl	BLACK	1

# WIRING DIAGRAM



# LEGEND

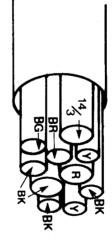
- 1. BATTERY SELECTOR
- 3. SHOWER SUMP PUMP 2. 85 AMP BATTERY 4. AFT SUMP PUMP
  - 5. BATTERY CHARGER
  - 7. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP 6. BILGE PUMP
- 8. WATER HEATER

  - ... 16 GA. WIRE - 10 GA. WIRE - 12 GA. WIRE · WIRING HARNESS "A" 8 GA. WIRE

4 GA. BATTERY CABLE

... - 14/3 BOAT CABLE

# WIRING DIAGRAM Continued

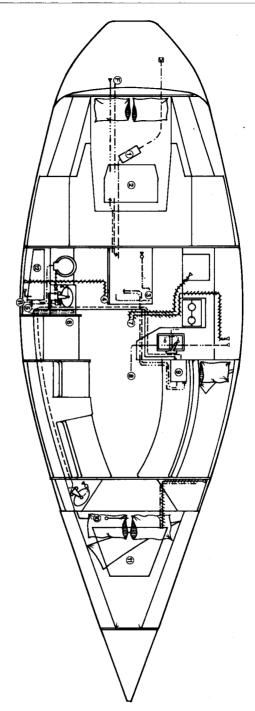


# WIRE HARNESS "A"

YMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION
IJ	RED	<b>1</b>	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (HOT)
묒	BLACK	6	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (COMMON)
BR	BROWN	12	BILGE PUMP (HOT)
BG	BEIGE	12	AUTO FLOAT SWITCH (HOT)
몆	BLACK	12	BILGE PUMP (COMMON)
~	YELLOW	16	AFT SUMP AND SHOWER SUMP PUMP (HOT)
못	BLACK	16	AFT SUMP AND SHOWER SUMP PUMP (COMMON)
14/3	WHITE	14	WATERHEATER

# 

PLUMBING DIAGRAM



1. MUFFLER LEGEND

3. SEA STRAINER 2. FUEL TANK

6. WASTE PUMP (MANUAL) 5. VENTED LOOP 4. SHOWER SUMP PUMP

> 9. WATER HEATER 8. BILGE PUMP

7. AFT SUMP PUMP

12. WASTE TANK 11. WATER TANK 10. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP

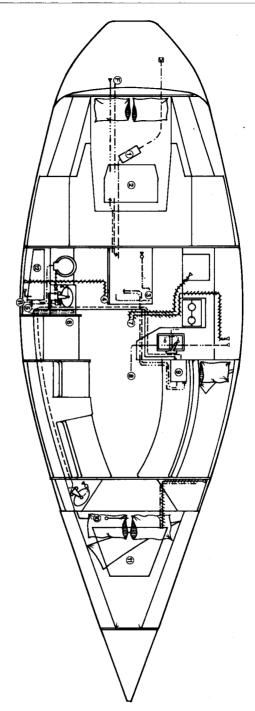
> SYMBOLS
>
> (F) FUE
>
> (A) PLA
>
> (B) WAS
>
> (C) PLA FUEL FILL CAP WASTE CAP

WATER FILL CAP

YENT **BRONZE THRU-HULL** PLASTIC THRU-HULL

# 

PLUMBING DIAGRAM



1. MUFFLER LEGEND

3. SEA STRAINER 2. FUEL TANK

6. WASTE PUMP (MANUAL) 5. VENTED LOOP 4. SHOWER SUMP PUMP

> 9. WATER HEATER 8. BILGE PUMP

7. AFT SUMP PUMP

12. WASTE TANK 11. WATER TANK 10. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP

> SYMBOLS
>
> (F) FUE
>
> (A) PLA
>
> (B) WAS
>
> (C) PLA FUEL FILL CAP WASTE CAP

WATER FILL CAP

YENT **BRONZE THRU-HULL** PLASTIC THRU-HULL

#### LEGENDS7/ PLUMBING DIAGRAM Continued

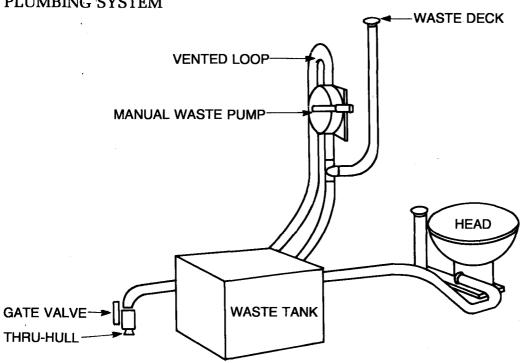
#### SYMBOLS Continued

- SCUPPER (ENGINE EXHAUST)
- GATE VALVE
- ---- POLYBUTYLENE TUBE, PRESSURIZED WATER (COLD)
- --- POLYBUTYLENE TUBE, PRESSURIZED WATER (HOT)
- --- 11/2" SHIELDVAC HOSE.
- **WASTE SYSTEM & GALLEY DRAIN**
- ---- 11/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE, VANITY DRAIN
- \*\*\* 34" SHIELDVAC HOSE, VENT (WASTE & WATER).
  - **AFT & SHOWER SUMP PUMPS**

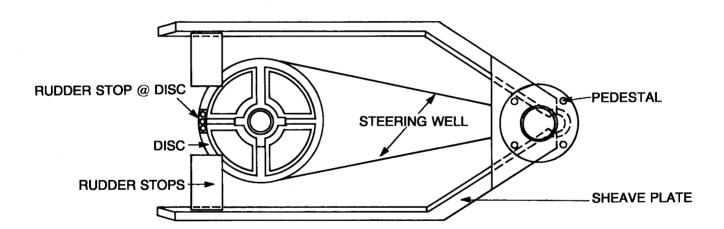
- \*\*\*\*\* 3/4" BLACK WATER HOSE, HEAD WATER PICK-UP
- ---- 2" EXHAUST HOSE
- · · 1½" FUEL FILL HOSE
- -··· 5/6" FUEL HOSE (VENT)
- -- 1/4" FUEL HOSE, ENGINE FUEL FEED & RETURN
- --- 1" SHIELDVAC HOSE, BILGE PUMP
- ---- 5/8" WATER HOSE, ENGINE WATER PICK-UP & HEAT EXCHANGE (WATER HEATER)



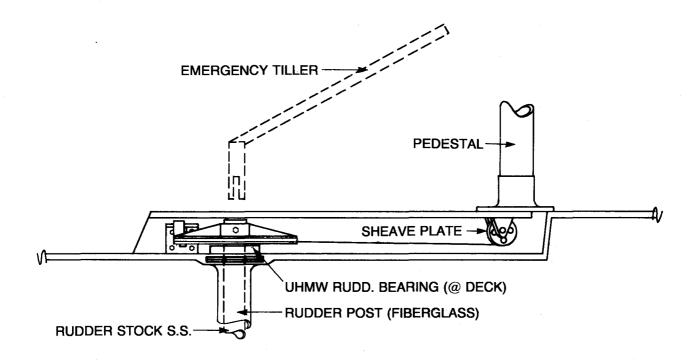
# PLUMBING SYSTEM





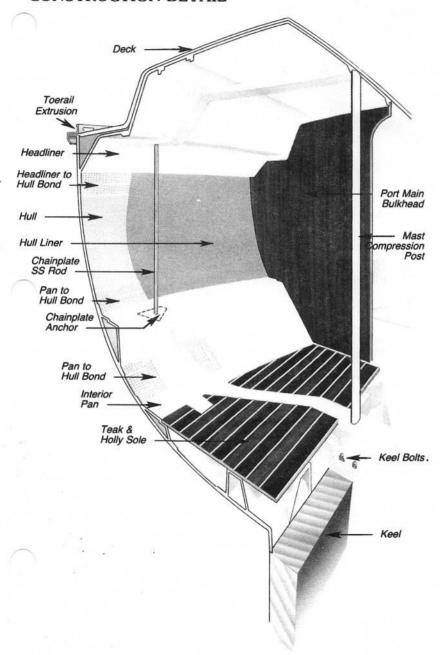


# STEERING DIAGRAM Continued



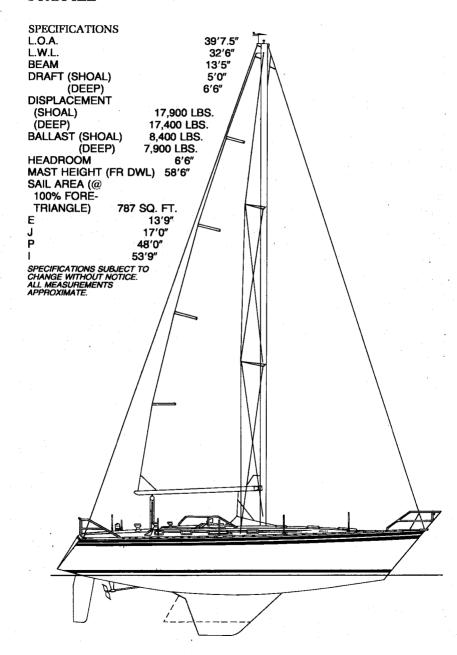
# LEGEND'S7/

#### CONSTRUCTION DETAIL

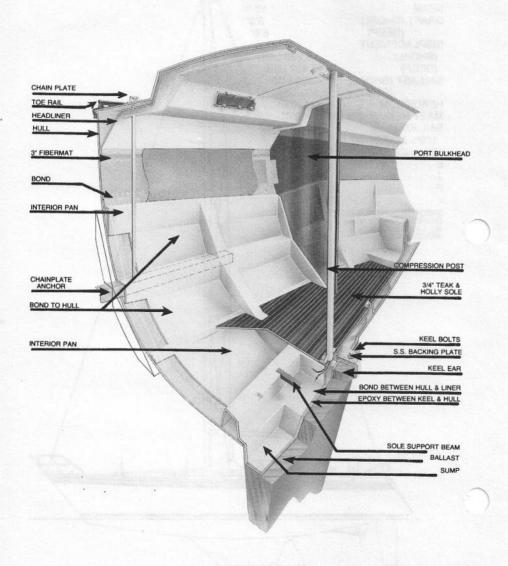


# LECENDESO

#### **PROFILE**

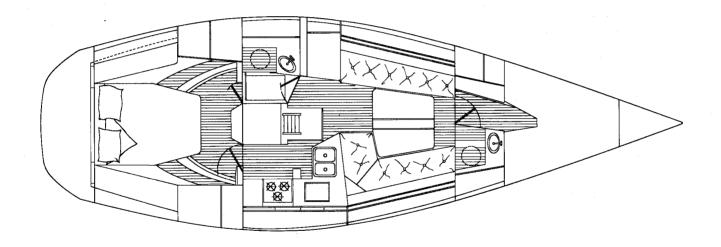


# LEGEND®40



# 

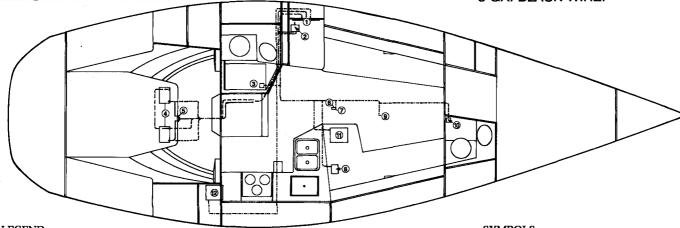
INTERIOR



LEGENDELO

**ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM** 

NOTE: CHAINPLATES AND MAST ARE **GROUNDED TO FORWARD KEEL EAR BOLTS WITH** 8 GA. BLACK WIRE.



#### LEGEND

- 1. SWITCH PANEL
- 2. BATTERY CHARGER
- 3. AFT SHOWER SUMP PUMP (ELECTRIC)
- 4. 85 AMP BATTERIES
- 5. SAFETY MAIN SWITCH
- 6. AUTOMATIC FLOAT SWITCH

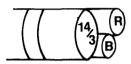
- 7. BILGE PUMP
- 8. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (ELECTRIC)
- 9. MAST COMPRESSION
- 10. FORWARD SHOWER SUMP PUMP
- 11. WATER HEATER
- 12. NORCOLD REFRIGERATOR

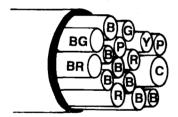
#### SYMBOLS

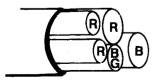
- 4 GA. RED BATTERY CABLE
- - 4 GA. BLACK BATTERY CABLE
- WIRE HARNESS "A"
- ··· WIRE HARNESS "B"
- ···· WIRE HARNESS "C"
- · 16 GA, WIRE
- --- 10 GA. WIRE
- ---- 14/3 BOOT CABLE

# 

# ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM Continued







#### WIRE HARNESS "A"

SYMBOLS	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
14/3	WHITE	14	DC FOR NORCOLD
R	RED	10	DC FOR NORCOLD (HOT)
В	BLACK	10	DC FOR NORCOLD (COMMON)

#### WIRE HARNESS "B"

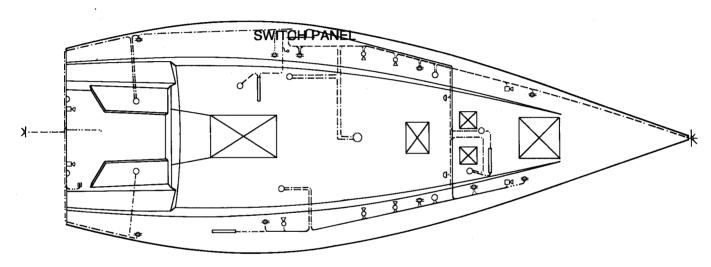
SYMBOLS	COLOR		APPLICATION
В	BLACK	16	MAST LIGHTS & SUMP PUMPS (COMMON)
Y	YELLOW	16	SUMP PUMP-FORWARD
G	GREEN	16	MAST STEAMING LIGHTS
P	PURPLE	16	SUMP PUMP-AFT & DECK LIGHTS
R	RED	16	MAST ANCHOR LIGHTS
В	BLACK	12	ELECTRIC BILGE (COMMON)
BR	BROWN	12	ELECTRIC BILGE (HOT)
BG .	BEIGE	12	ELECTRIC BILGE INLINE FUSE
R	RED	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (HOT)
В	BLACK	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (COMMON)
G	WHITE	Coax.	RADIO ANTENNA

#### WIRE HARNESS "C"

SIMBULS	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
R	RED	. 4	BATTERY CABLE, BATTERY TO PANEL-DC FEED
В	BLACK	4	BATTERY (COMMON), PANEL-DC (COMMON)
R	RED	10	BATTERY CHARGER
BG	BEIGE	12	BILGE PUMP FROM BATTERY TO PANEL INLINE FUSE

# LIGIZND®により WIRING THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM

NOTE: FWD SPEAKER WIRES ARE RUN THROUGH INTERIOR FRAME (PAN) ON PORT SIDE.





O CABIN LIGHTS SMALL
CABIN LIGHTS LARGE

SWIVEL LIGHTS
SWIVEL LAMPS

FLOURESCENT LIGHTS

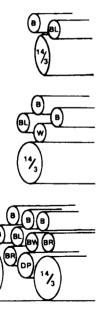
110V RECEPTACLE

D STEREO SPEAKERS
CHART LIGHT
BOW & STERN LIGHT
WIRE HARNESS "D" (STARBOARD SIDE)
WIRE HARNESS "E" (PORT SIDE)
WIRE HARNESS "F" (AFT SIDE)

110V SHORE POWER INLET

### LEGENDEGO

#### WIRING THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM Continued



10/3

WIRE HARNESS "D"

SYMBOLS COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION

B BLACK 16 DC LIGHTS (COMMON)
BL BLUE 16 DC LIGHTS (HOT)

14/3 WHITE 14 AC 110V RECEPTACLE

WIRE HARNESS "E"

SYMBOLS COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION

B BLACK 16 DC LIGHTS & BOW LIGHT (COMMON)

BL BLUE 16 DC LIGHTS (HOT)
W WHITE 16 BOW LIGHTS (HOT)

14/3 WHITE 14 AC 110V RECEPTACLE

WIRE HARNESS "F"

SYMBOLS COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION

B BLACK 16 DC LIGHTS, STERN LIGHT & SPEAKERS (COMMON)
BL BLUE 16 DC LIGHTS

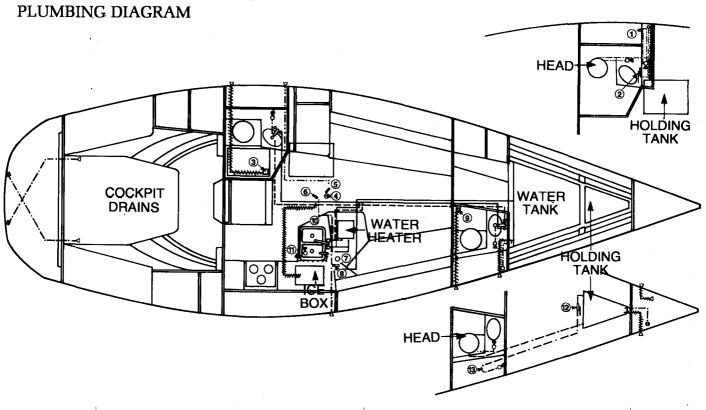
W WHITE 16 STERNLIGHT BR BROWN 16 SPEAKERS

DP GRAY 14 COMPASSLIGHT

14/3 WHITE 14 AC 110V RECEPTACLE

10/3 WHITE 10 AC SHORE POWER

# 



#### LEGENDELO PLUMBING DIAGRAM Continued

#### LEGEND

- 1. VENTED LOOP
- 2. MANUAL WASTE PUMP
- 3. ELECTRIC SHOWER SUMP PUMP
- 4. ELECTRIC BILGE PUMP
- 5. 1" CHECK VALVE
- 6. NAVY STRAINER
- 7. WATER PUMP

- 8. WATER FILTER
- 9. ELECTRIC SHOWER SUMP PUMP
- 10. MANUAL BILGE PUMP
- 11. SALTWATER FOOT PUMP
- 12. MANUAL WASTE PUMP
- 13. VENTED LOOP

#### SYMBOLS

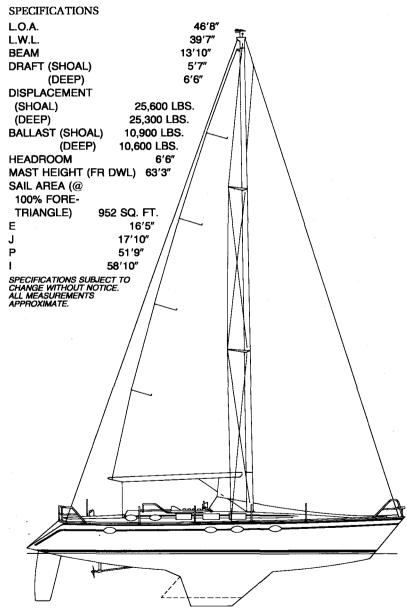
- PLASTIC THRU-HULL
- **BRONZE THRU-HULL**
- VENT
- **GATE VALVE**
- THRU-HULL SCUPPER TUBE
- WATER FILL PLATE
- WASTE PLATE

 <b>POLYBUTYLENE</b>	<b>TUBE</b>	(COLD WATER)
 POLVRUTVI ENE	THRE	(HOT WATER)

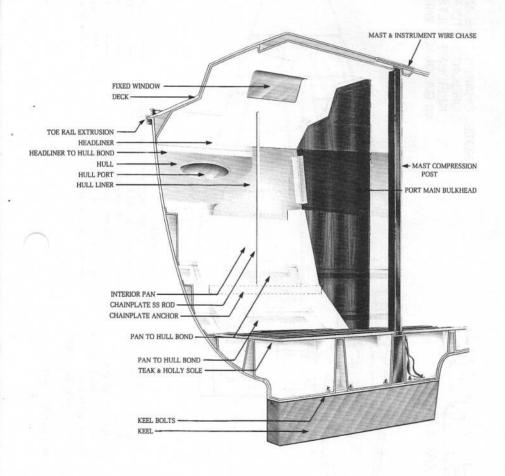
- 11/2" SHIELDVAC HOSE
- 11/4" SHIELDVAC HOSE
- ----- 1" SHIELDVAC HOSE

\*\*\*\*\*\* 34" SHIELDVAC HOSE ─ · 1½" SHIELDFLEX HOSE ----- 3/4" BLACK WATER HOSE → → 5%" WATER HOSE (WHITE W/BLUE TRACER)

# LICITION AUXILIARY SLOOP PROFILE

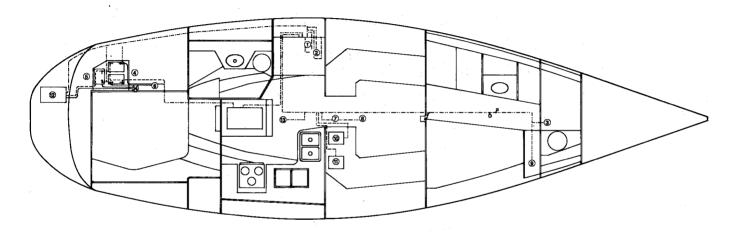


# LEGEND°45 CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



#### LECEND 45 ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

NOTE: CHAINPLATES AND MAST ARE **GROUNDED TO FORWARD KEEL EAR BOLTS WITH** 8 GA. BLACK WIRE.



#### LEGEND

- 1. SWITCH PANEL
- 2. BATTERY CHARGER
- 3. FORWARD SHOWER SUMP PUMP
- 4. 105 AMP BATTERY
- 5. 85 AMP BATTERY
- 6. SAFETY MAIN SWITCH
- 7. AUTOMATIC FLOAT **SWITCH**

- 8. BILGE PUMP
- 9. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
- 10. WATER HEATER
- 11. REFRIGERATION UNIT
- 12. GENERATOR
- 13. AFT SHOWER SUMP **PUMP**
- 14. ON-OFF SWITCH

#### **SYMBOLS**

 4	GA.	Ηt	:D B/	λIJ	FHY	CABLE	:
 4	GΔ	RI	ACK	RΔ	TTEE	RY CAR	ti I

WIRE HARNESS "A" **WIRE HARNESS "B"** 

- WIRE HARNESS "C"

· 16 GA. WIRE

· 14 GA. WIRE

---- 12 GA. WIRE

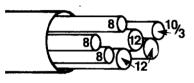
— · 10 GA, WIRE --- 14/3 BOAT CABLE

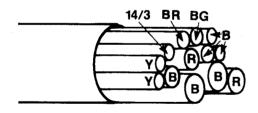
---- 8 GA. WIRE

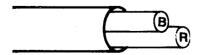
----- 10/3 BOAT CABLE

#### LEGEND°45 ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

#### Continued







### WIRE HARNESS "A"

SYMBOLS	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
10/3	WHITE	10	GENERATOR POWER
12	RED	12	GENERATOR (HOT)
12	BROWN	12	GENERATOR (START)
12	GREY	12	GENERATOR (OFF)
8	RED	8	CHARGER TO BATTERY
8	RED	8	CHARGER TO BATTERY
8	RED	8	CHARGER TO BATTERY

#### WIRE HARNESS "B"

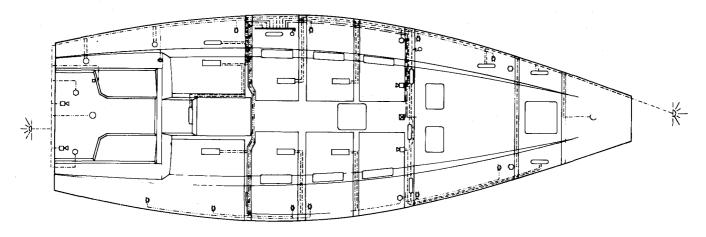
STMBULS	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
Υ	YELLOW	16	SUMP PUMP (HOT)
Y	YELLOW	16	SHOWER SUMP PUMP (HOT)
BR	BROWN	12	ELECTRIC BILGE (HOT)
BG	BEIGE	12	ELECTRIC BILGE INLINE FUSE
В	BLACK	12	ELECTRICAL BILGE (COMMON)
В	BLACK	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (COMMON
R	RED	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (HOT)
R	RED	8	REFRIGERATION (HOT)
В	BLACK	8	REFRIGERATION (COMMON)
14/3	WHITE	14	WATER HEATER 14/3 BOAT CABLE
В	BLACK	8	GROUND TO KEEL
В	BLACK	16	SUMP PUMP (COMMON)
В	BLACK	16	SHOWER SUMP PUMP (COMMON)

#### WIRE HARNESS "C"

#### SYMBOLS COLOR GAUGE APPLICATION

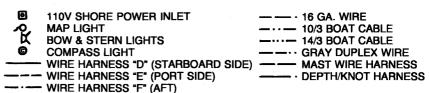
В	BLACK	4	BATTERY CABLE, BATTERY TO PANEL (DC-HOT)
R	RFD	4	BATTERY CABLE PANEL (DC-COMMON)

# LIGISIND®45 WIRING THRU HEADLINER DIAGRAM



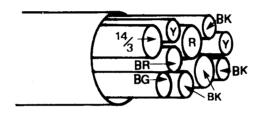
SYMBO	DLS	
<b>S</b>	CABIN LIGHTS (SMALL DOME)	0
<b>O</b>	CABIN LIGHTS (LARGE DOME)	~Q
0	SPEAKERS '	K
<b>D</b> 4	SWIVEL LAMPS	©
	DOUBLE LIGHTS	

<u>N_</u>	SWIVEL LAMPS
	DOUBLE LIGHTS
$\overline{}$	FLUORESCENT LIGHTS
þ	110V RECEPTACLES



# 

## WIRING DIAGRAM Continued

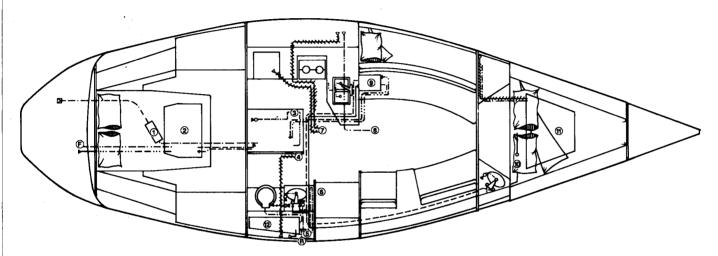


WIRE	HARNESS	"A"
------	---------	-----

SYMBOL	COLOR	GAUGE	APPLICATION
R	RED	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (HOT)
BK	BLACK	10	PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP (COMMON)
BR	BROWN	12	BILGE PUMP (HOT)
BG	BEIGE	12	AUTO FLOAT SWITCH (HOT)
BK	BLACK	12	BILGE PUMP (COMMON)
Υ	YELLOW	16	AFT SUMP AND SHOWER SUMP PUMP (HOT)
BK	BLACK	.16	AFT SUMP AND SHOWER SUMP PUMP (COMMON)
14/3	WHITE	14	WATERHEATER

## LEGENDSZ

#### PLUMBING DIAGRAM



#### LEGEND

- 1. MUFFLER
- 2. FUEL TANK
- 3. SEA STRAINER
- 4. SHOWER SUMP PUMP
- 5. VENTED LOOP
- 6. WASTE PUMP (MANUAL)

- 7. AFT SUMP PUMP
- 8. BILGE PUMP
- 9. WATER HEATER
- 10. PRESSURIZED WATER PUMP
- 11. WATER TANK
- 12. WASTE TANK

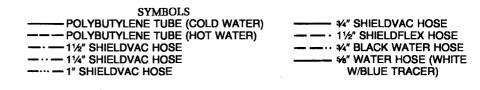
#### **SYMBOLS**

- W WATER FILL CAP
- F FUEL FILL CAP
  R WASTE CAP
- Δ PLASTIC THRU-HULL
- **▲ BRONZE THRU-HULL**

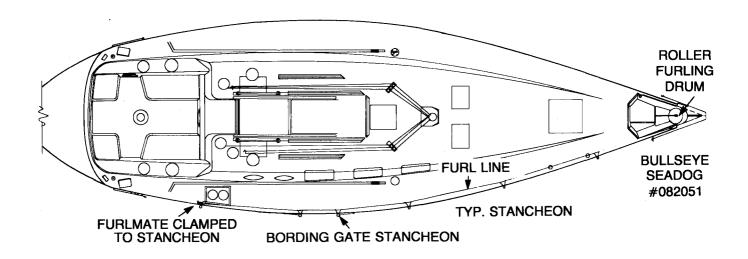
# PLUMBING DIAGRAM Continued

Δ	PLASTIC THRU-HULL
_	FLAGRIC HIRO-HOLL
<b>A</b>	BRONZE THRU-HULL
Δ	VENT
Ō	GATE VALVE
_	UNIL VALVE
T)	THRU-HULL SCUPPER TUBE
0	WATER FILL PLATE
Δ	MACTE DI ATE

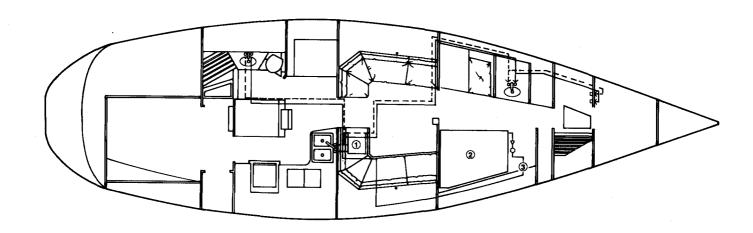
**COCKPIT DRAINS** 



# LEGEND°CHS DECK RIGGING



# PRESSURIZED WATER SYSTEM



#### LEGEND

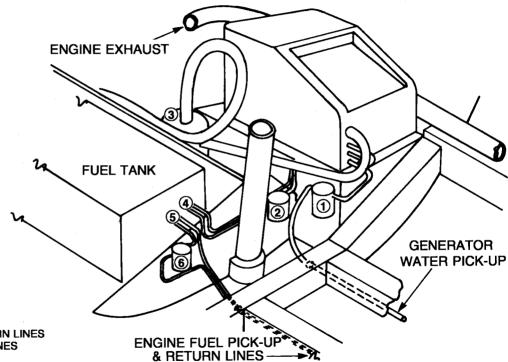
- 1. ELECTRICAL WATER HEATER
- 2. 120 GAL. WATER TANK
- 3. ELECTRIC WATER PUMP

#### **SYMBOLS**

O SHUT-OFF VALVE

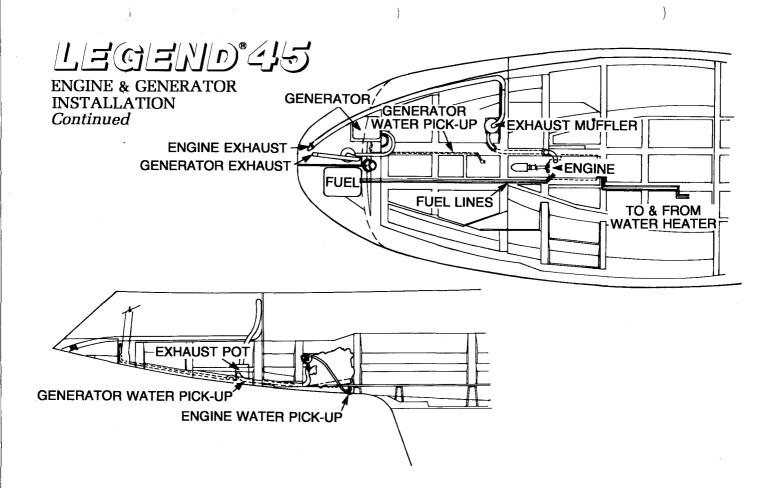
5 FILTER

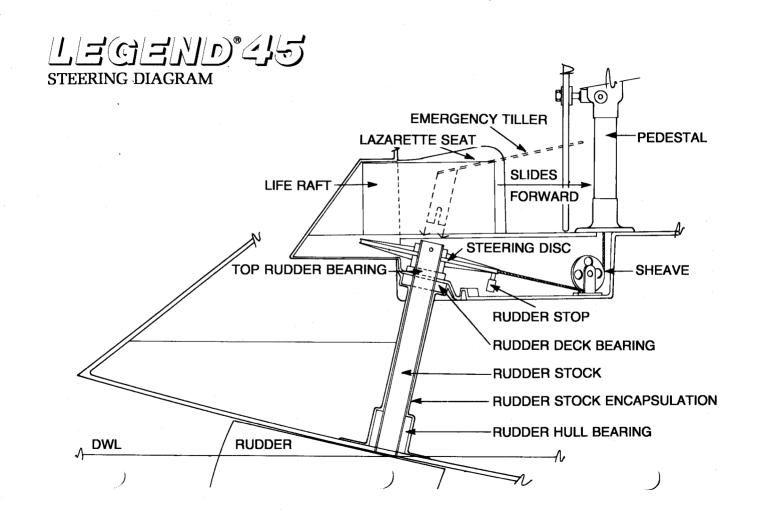
# LEGEND® CLES ENGINE & GENERATOR INSTALLATION



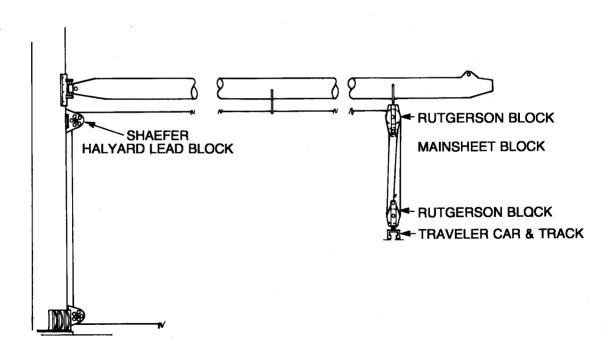
#### LEGEND

- 1. SEA STRAINER
- 2. GENERATOR FUEL FILTER
- 3. GENERATOR MUFFLER
- 4. GENERATOR FUEL & RETURN LINES
- 5. ENGINE FUEL & RETURN LINES
- 6. ENGINE FUEL FILTER

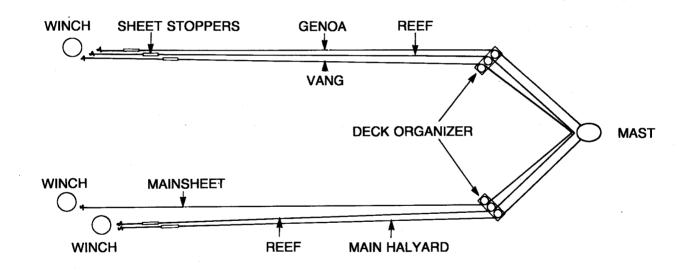




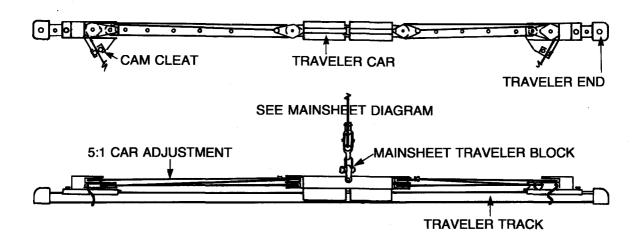
# LECEND°45 MAINSHEET







# LIGINO® CIST TRAVELER SYSTEM





DOUBLE SHEAVES **DEAD END** VANG LINE

REEF (

REEF POINT

**RUN REEF LINE** THROUGH CRINGLE,

DOWN TO BOOM

REEF FAIRLEAD

& TIE AROUND BOOM

**RUN REEF LINE** 

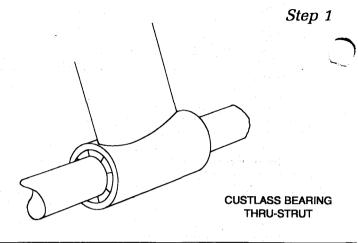
THROUGH CRINGLE, DOWN TO BOOM & TIE AROUND BOOM

NOTE (REEF LINES): PORT SIDE SHOWN (RED REEF LINE) STARBOARD SIDE SAME (GREEN REEF LINE)

#### **ENGINES & PROPELLERS**

MODEL	ENGINE	TRANSMISSION	STANDARD 2-BLADE PROPELLER	
Hunter 23, 26.5	Outboard Motor			
Hunter 28.5	Yanmar 2GM20F Diesel	2.62:1	14"×12"×1"R.H.	
Hunter 333	Yanmar 2GM20F Diesel	2.62:1	15"×11"×1" R.H.	
Hunter 35	Yanmar 3GM30F Diesel	2.61:1	18"×11"×1"R.H.	
Hunter 37	Yanmar 3HM35F Diesel	2.14:1	17"×10"×1" R.H.	
Hunter 40	Yanmar 4JHSE Diesel	2.14:1	17"×10"×1"R.H.	
Hunter 45 Yanmar 4JHTE Diesel		2.17:1	18"×15"×1" R.H.	

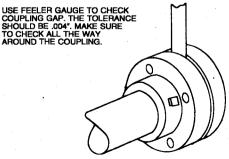
#### ALIGNMENT DIAGRAM



# ENGINE VERTICAL ADJUSTMENT ENGINE HORIZONTAL ADJUSTMENT

#### Step 2





NOTE: CHECK COUPLING GAP WITHOUT COUPLING BOLTS IN PLACE.



# < NOTER AY SALES

**Hunter Marine Corporation** 

P.O. Box 1030 • Route 441 Alachua, Florida 32615 (904) 462-4868